# Treatment of advanced, relapsed chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with fludarabine, miroxantrone and cyclophosphamide combination therapy with or without granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF)

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
30/06/2005	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
11/10/2005	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data
09/11/2009	Cancer	<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number** CLL6 protocol

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### **Study objectives**

The prophylactic administration of G-CSF prevents the incidence of infections during relapse chemotherapy in chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) patients

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Relapsed B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia (B-CLL)

#### **Interventions**

Fludarabine 25 mg/m<sup>2</sup> day 1-3, mitoxantrone 8 mg/m<sup>2</sup> day 1, cyclophosphamide 200 mg/m<sup>2</sup> day 1-3, repeated every 28 days, maximum 6 courses.

Arm A with G-CSF: 5  $\mu$ g/kg bodyweight/day subcutaneously (sc) beginning on day +6 until neutrophil recovery above 1500/ $\mu$ l. Arm B without G-CSF.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Fludarabine, miroxantrone, cyclophosphamide and G-CSF

### Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Incidence of severe and life threatening infections
- 2. Incidence of severe side effects
- 3. Remission rate

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Overall survival
- 2. Progression free survival
- 3. Quality of remission

#### Completion date

30/09/2004

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia (B-CLL)
- 2. Binet stage C, Binet stage B with treatment indication
- 3. Maximum of 3 previous treatment regimen
- 4. Age 18-70 years
- 5. Life expectancy more than 6 months
- 6. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) 0-3
- 7. Normal cardiac function
- 8. Signed inform consent

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Upper age limit

70 years

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Severe organ dysfunction
- 2. Autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (AIHA)
- 3. More than 3 chemotherapy regimens
- 4. Concomitant or previous neoplasm
- 5. Non-response to previous treatment with Fludarabine + Cyclophosphamide, Fludarabine + Mitoxantrone, Fludarabine + Epirubicine

#### Date of first enrolment

06/08/1999

#### Date of final enrolment

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre Kerpenerstr. 62 Cologne Germany 50924

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

German CLL Study Group (GCLLSG) (Germany)

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Industry

#### **Funder Name**

Amgen (USA)

#### Alternative Name(s)

Amgen Inc., Applied Molecular Genetics Inc.

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

## **Funding Body Subtype**

For-profit companies (industry)

#### Location

United States of America

# **Results and Publications**

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

**IPD sharing plan summary**Not provided at time of registration