GEO 002: Is a reduction in urate levels the mechanism by which allopurinol improves endothelial function?

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
25/01/2006		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
27/01/2006	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
01/03/2010	Circulatory System			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

GEO 002

Study objectives

Uric acid lowering by another mechanism (uricosuria) would elucidate whether allopurinol primarily improves endothelial function because of its ability to reduce urate effectively

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval obtained, ref no 04/S1401/66

Study design

Randomised placebo-controlled double blind crossover trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic Heart Failure

Interventions

Probenecid 1000 mg versus placebo

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Probenecid Allopurinol

Primary outcome measure

Forearm blood flow

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Oxidative stress burden
- 2. Urate levels

Overall study start date

02/03/2005

Completion date

15/05/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Three-month period free of hospitalisations prior to screening
- 2. Ability to give written informed consent to participate in the study
- 3. Diagnosis of mild to moderate chronic heart failure

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

30

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. History of drug sensitivity or allergy to probenecid or vitamin C
- 2. Current treatment with probenecid, allopurinol, theophylline, warfarin or cytotoxic drugs (including azothiaprine or mercaptopurine)
- 3. History of acute gout or porphyria
- 4. Evidence of significant disease that could impair absorption, metabolism or excretion of orally-administered medication i.e.
- a. Renal disease (serum creatinine 180 umol/l)
- b. Clinically significant hepatic disease (either by lab work, i.e. alanine aminotranferease (ALT) and aspartate aminotransferase (AST) (ALT/AST > 3 times upper limit of normal, or by clinical assessment)
- 5. Any condition with sufficient severity to impair co-operation in the study
- 6. History of chronic alcoholism / intravenous drug abuse
- 7. Use of another investigational drug within three months of entry into the study or within five half-lives of the investigational drug (the longer time period applying)
- 8. Pregnancy, breast feeding or being of childbearing age and not taking oral contraceptives, all

pre-menopausal women will be required to undergo a pregnancy test 9. Patients on aspirin doses greater than 150 mg/day

Date of first enrolment

02/03/2005

Date of final enrolment

15/05/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Scotland

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Deparment of Clinical Pharmacology

Dundee

United Kingdom DD1 9SY

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Dundee (UK)

Sponsor details

Research and Innovation Services University of Dundee Dundee United Kingdom DD1 4HN +44 (0)1382 344664 research@dundee.ac.uk

Sponsor type

Research organisation

ROR

https://ror.org/03h2bxq36

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

British Heart Foundation funded project (PG/03/060) (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	05/12/2006		Yes	No