The variations in small vascular function and arterial compliance during the menstrual cycle in young healthy women (De cyclus afhankelijke variatie in de microcirculatie bij jonge gezonde ovulerende vrouwen)

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
28/12/2006	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
28/12/2006	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data
04/03/2008	Circulatory System	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr I J G Ketel

Contact details

VU University Medical Center
Department of Reproductive Medicine (Poli H)
P.O. Box 7057
Amsterdam
Netherlands
1007 MB
+31 (0)20 444 0041
ijg.ketel@vumc.nl

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

MCycle

Study objectives

It has been suggested in literature that insulin sensitivity and determinants of the blood pressure vary according to the past ovulation cycle. Since microcirculation plays a large role in the transport and supply of insulin to the muscle fibres, it can be assumed that the microcirculatory function cycle will be dependent on the ovulation cycle. Indeed from literature it has been suggested that this is true, however another group of researchers found no cycle dependent pattern. Moreover in the Vrije University the most unique method has been developed to measure the microcirculation (capillary microscope) and this measuring has never been examined in women in their ovulation cycle. The results of this research are very important for the interpretation of cardiovascular events in women during their ovulation cycle.

Hypothesis:

Microcirculatory function is cycle dependent in healthy ovulating women.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design

Non-randomised clinical trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Screening

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Small vascular function, arterial compliance

Interventions

Microcirculation measured by means of:

- 1. Microscopic examination of the nail bed (assessment of the refill after temporary occlusion of the finger)
- 2. Ionthophoresis with acetylcholine (ACH) (endothelium dependent) and sodiumnitroprusside (SNP) (endothelium independent vasodilatation)
- 3. Blood pressure

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Microcirculatory function measured in three phases of the cycle (early and late follicular, and luteal).

Key secondary outcome(s))

Blood pressure.

Completion date

01/04/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Healthy as judged by history and physical examination
- 2. Regular ovulatory menstrual cycles between 21 35 days (proven by biphasic basal temperature curve [BTC] or midluteal progesterone more than 10 nmol/l)
- 3. Aged 18 to 35 years
- 4. No medication including oral conceptive or hormonal intra-uterine device (IUD) for at least three months
- 5. Informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

Female

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Cardiovascular disease (hypertension [more than 160/90 mmHg], stroke, coronary artery disease, peripheral vascular disease, heart failure)
- 2. Diabetes mellitus (according to American Diabetes Association [ADA] criteria)
- 3. Smoking for the last three months
- 4. Alcohol use more than 4 units/day
- 5. Pregnancy
- 6. Diseases that influence reproductive hormone status

Date of first enrolment

23/10/2006

Date of final enrolment

01/04/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre
VU University Medical Center
Amsterdam
Netherlands
1007 MB

Sponsor information

Organisation

VU University Medical Center (The Netherlands)

ROR

https://ror.org/00q6h8f30

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Institute for Cardiovascular Research of the Vrije University of Amsterdam (ICaR-VU) (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration