

Radio surgery versus 80% phenol for toe nail matrix ablation: a randomised comparison study

Submission date 29/09/2006	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 29/09/2006	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 19/08/2015	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
N0620171683

Study information

Scientific Title
Radio surgery versus 80% phenol for toe nail matrix ablation: a randomised comparison study

Study objectives

Does the wound heal faster when 80% phenol is used to destroy the nail-producing cells or is healing faster when radio surgery is used to destroy the nail-producing cells?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Single-centre blinded randomised comparative trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgery: Toenail matrix ablation

Interventions

60 participants (patients who have been referred for nail surgery) will be allocated an ID number. 30 randomised to 80% phenol and 30 will receive radio surgery technique for nail matrix ablation using a random number code.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Phenol

Primary outcome(s)

Healing time of the wound (to the nearest week). Pain experienced at each return visit following surgery measured using a visual scale, post-operative infection incidence measured by clinical signs and symptoms, nail regrowth incidence measured by clinical signs and symptoms, time to nail regrowth following surgery.

Key secondary outcome(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Completion date

06/10/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Subjects will be males and females
2. Aged 18-80 years
3. They will be individuals referred to the podiatry department at the Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital (Heavitree) for nail surgery under local anaesthesia
4. They will present with a condition indicating the need for nail surgery including the following conditions:
 - 4.1 Ingrowing toenail
 - 4.2 Involuted nail
 - 4.3 Fungal infection of the nail
 - 4.4 Thickening of the nail
 - 4.5 Severe nail hypertrophy
5. Each subject must be able to attend for follow-up visits including a 6-month visit and be able to provide informed consent
6. Participants will be happy to have their toe photographed and will be happy to be contacted by telephone after 1 year

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

80 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Fitted with a pacemaker, artificial heart valve, artificial joints or any other type of implant because these are contra-indications to radiosurgery
2. Subungual exostosis because treatment other than nail surgery is required for this condition
3. Contra-indication to anaesthesia or the procedure according to standard guidelines
4. Pregnancy or breastfeeding
5. Unable to give informed consent
6. Inadequate blood supply to the foot or toe

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2005

Date of final enrolment

06/10/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Podiatry

Exeter

United Kingdom

EX1 1PQ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Record Provided by the NHSTCT Register - 2006 Update - Department of Health

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Exeter Primary Care Trust (UK), NHS R&D Support Funding

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration