Therapeutic drug monitoring (TDM) in human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-infected children starting a new anti-retroviral regime

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X] Prospectively registered
11/07/2003	Stopped	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
25/02/2004	Stopped	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
10/02/2011	Infections and Infestations	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Study website

http://www.pentatrials.org/trials.htm#penpact1

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

PENTA 14

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

PENTA 14

Study objectives

- 1. To assess the effect of different levels of Therapeutic drug monitoring (TDM) compared with no TDM on plasma human immunodeficiency virus-1 ribonucleic acid (HIV-1 RNA) response in children starting or switching to a new highly active antiretroviral therapy (HAART) regimen including a protease inhibitor (PI) and/or non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor (NNRTI)
- 2. To generate age-related population pharmacokinetic models for PIs and NNRTIs used in children
- 3. To describe the impact of a didactic adherence support tool for children taking HAART, which will be offered to centres participating in the trial

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Paediatric HIV

Interventions

Full five point annual pharmacokinetic (PK) curve versus single sample PK versus no intervention. All children will receive additional adherence support.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

The effect of the TDM strategies on viral load in terms of change in plasma HIV-1 RNA copies/ml from baseline to 96 weeks

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. The proportion of children who ever achieve plasma HIV-1 RNA <50 copies/ml, and who subsequently maintain plasma HIV-1 RNA <50 copies/ml to 96 weeks
- 2. Toxicity and tolerability of HAART
- 3. Adherence to HAART as assessed by caregiver completed questionnaire and CORALs
- 4. Progression to new AIDS defining event or death
- 5. Number of switches in antiretroviral therapy
- 6. The development of new genotypic resistance mutations by 96 weeks
- 7. Change in CD4% and CD4 count from baseline to week 96
- 8. Number of children in the target area for pharmacokinetic parameters after 12 weeks
- 9. Number of dosage adjustments based on pharmacokinetic parameters after 48 weeks

Overall study start date

01/07/2004

Completion date

01/11/2007

Reason abandoned (if study stopped)

Recruitment problems which were caused mainly by TDM being accepted as routine practice.

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Confirmed HIV-infected, i.e. positive plasma HIV-1 RNA or deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) test on two consecutive occasions (for children less than 18 months old), or positive HIV serology (for children aged 18 months and older), aged one month to 17 years inclusive
- 2. Parents/guardians, and children where appropriate, are willing and able to give informed consent
- 3. Plasma HIV-1 RNA viral load = 1000 copies/ml
- 4. Pre-treated children, including children who have received antiretroviral therapy only as prophylaxis to reduce mother to child transmission, who are prepared to wait for the results of a resistance test before starting new therapy
- 5. Starting antiretroviral therapy or switching to a new antiretroviral regimen considered likely to be highly active according to the results of a local resistance test, and containing either a PI or NNRTI or both; that is with at least two active drugs, one being a PI or NNRTI (active means not fully resistant)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

1 Months

Upper age limit

17 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

166 (14 recruited as of September 2006)

Key exclusion criteria

Grade 3 or 4 creatinine or liver function tests

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2004

Date of final enrolment

01/11/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Italy

Netherlands

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Clinica Pediatrica

Padova Italy 35128

Sponsor information

Organisation

The Paediatric European Network for the treatment of AIDS (PENTA - Chair Dr Carlo Giaquinto)

Sponsor details

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Sponsor type

Other

Website

http://www.pentatrials.org.uk

ROR

https://ror.org/03ash3475

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

European Union (EU) - grant (ref: QLK2-2000-00150)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration