Randomised clinical trial of the effects of Total Intravenous Anaesthesia (TIVA: propofol) versus volatile anaesthesia (sevoflurane-nitrous oxide) on children's post-operative cognition, behaviour and physical morbidity

12/03/2007 No longer recruiting [] Protocol	
—	
Registration date Overall study status [] Statistical analysis plan	
30/04/2007 Completed [] Results	
Last Edited Condition category [Individual participant da	ata
18/04/2016 Oral Health [] Record updated in last y	year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

CZH/4/382

Study information

Scientific Title

Randomised clinical trial of the effects of Total Intravenous Anaesthesia (TIVA: propofol) versus volatile anaesthesia (sevoflurane-nitrous oxide) on children's post-operative cognition, behaviour and physical morbidity

Study objectives

Recovery of children's cognitive function will be quicker, and physical morbidity less, after intravenous compared to volatile anaesthesia.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

West Ethics Committee of the Western Infirmary, 09/01/2007, ref: 07S07033

Study design

Randomised single centre clinical trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Dental caries

Interventions

Children will be randomised to separate groups having general anaesthesia with the intravenous agent propofol, or the volatile agent sevoflurane-nitrous oxide. They will perform child-appropriate tests of reaction time, motor control, attention and memory pre-operatively (baseline), post-operatively prior to discharge, and 48 hours later at home.

Between-group comparisons of performance and of post-operative physical morbidity will test the hypothesis stated above.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Sevoflurane-nitrous oxide and propofol

Primary outcome measure

Cognitive performance on tests of reaction time, motor control, attention and memory.

Secondary outcome measures

Physical morbidity assessed by day-surgery staff using a standard protocol at discharge.

Overall study start date

19/03/2007

Completion date

28/02/2010

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Male and female children aged seven to 12 years
- 2. American Society of Anaesthesiologists (ASA) grade I or II
- 3. Requiring general anaesthesia for multiple dental extractions

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

7 Years

Upper age limit

12 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

360

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Respiratory disorder
- 2. Learning disability
- 3. Non-fluent English
- 4. Neurological or psychological impairments that would impede cognitive assessment

Date of first enrolment

19/03/2007

Date of final enrolment

28/02/2010

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Scotland

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Section of Psychological Medicine

Glasgow United Kingdom G12 0XH

Sponsor information

Organisation

NHS Glasgow and Clyde/University of Glasgow

Sponsor details

Research and Development Office NHS Glasgow and Clyde Yorkhill Hospital Dalnair Street Glasgow United Kingdom G3 8SJ +44 (0)141 201 0005 alison.wood@yorkhill.scot.nhs.uk

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.nhsgg.org.uk/

ROR

https://ror.org/05kdz4d87

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Chief Scientist Office of the Scottish Executive Health Department (UK) (Grant ref: CZH/4/382)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration