

# Assessment of long-term efficacy of early introduction of inhaled steroids in asthma

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<b>Registration date</b> 25/04/2003	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 24/05/2016	<b>Condition category</b> Respiratory	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

**Secondary identifying numbers**  
HTA 93/14/99

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Assessment of long-term efficacy of early introduction of inhaled steroids in asthma

## Study objectives

Asthma is one of the commonest chronic diseases in the UK and currently imposes a large economic burden on the NHS. Asthma is often a life-long disease but there are few studies of long-term therapy. Even in its mildest form asthma is associated with chronic inflammation of the airways. Inhaled steroids reduce this inflammation and are highly effective in controlling asthma. Recent evidence suggests that their early introduction may also reduce irreversible changes in airflow obstruction, but larger controlled trials are needed to assess this in both adults and children. The impact of early introduction of inhaled steroids on growth and bone density has not yet been studied adequately in a randomised controlled trial. We propose to study the efficacy of introducing inhaled steroids in children and adults at the time of asthma diagnosis in a randomised controlled trial of parallel group design. The study will be conducted through the MRC General Practice Research Framework, which is currently carrying out a large asthma study coordinated by the applicants.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

## Study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Not specified

## Study type(s)

Not Specified

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Respiratory tract diseases: Asthma

## Interventions

Children (3-8 yr) and adults will be randomised to receive either inhaled steroid (budesonide 100µg b.d. in children r 200 µg b.d. in adults) or matched placebo and patients will be followed up at 6 monthly intervals for 4 years, with measurements of peak expiratory flow (over 2 weeks) FEV symptoms, inhaled beta-agonist use, exacerbations and a quality of life assessment. To

measure risks we will measure growth in children and bone density in children and adults. A cost-effectiveness analysis will also be performed. A feasibility study and audit suggest that these patients can be identified and that the procedures are acceptable to both the doctors and patients. This long-term controlled study will provide information about whether very early introduction of inhaled steroids has advantages over the current policy of introducing inhaled steroids when symptoms occur on a daily basis.

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Specified

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

budesonide

**Primary outcome measure**

Not provided at time of registration.

**Secondary outcome measures**

Not provided at time of registration.

**Overall study start date**

01/02/1999

**Completion date**

30/04/2004

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

Not provided at time of registration.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Other

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

Not provided at time of registration.

**Key exclusion criteria**

Not provided at time of registration.

**Date of first enrolment**

01/02/1999

**Date of final enrolment**

30/04/2004

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**MRC Epidemiology & Medical Care Unit**

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## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

Department of Health (UK)

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**Sponsor type**

Government

**Website**

<http://www.dh.gov.uk/en/index.htm>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/03sbpja79>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme - HTA (UK)

## **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date****Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration