Is stepwise profiling of sodium and fluid removal during the dialysis of elderly patients clinically beneficial?

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
23/01/2004		[_] Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	[] Statistical analysis plan	
23/01/2004		[X] Results	
Last Edited 18/09/2012	Condition category Urological and Genital Diseases	Individual participant data	

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers RRCC164R XHN041

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

The study propose to investigate strategies for improving haemodynamic stability during dialysis in elderly patients with a view to minimising hypotensive episodes. The study seeks to investigate the potential of controlling plasma volume during dialysis by variation of the rate of fluid removal and the rate of sodium (Na) influx from the dialysis fluid during treatment individually and in combination.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) Not provided at time of registration

Study design Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Chronic renal failure; dialysis

Interventions

- 1. No intervention
- 2. Fluid removal profiling alone
- 3. Sodium profiling alone
- 4. Fluid and sodium profiling alone

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

1. Number of nursing interventions

2. Changes in blood pressure

3. Episodes of hypotension (defined as a drop >30 mmHg systolic blood pressure)

4. At the end of each phase of the study (3 treatment sessions) patient quality of life will be assessed by the use of SF36 questionnaire, and a fatigue questionnaire as described by Prince MI. James OF. Holland NP. Jones DE. Validation of a fatigue impact score in primary biliary cirrhosis: towards a standard for clinical and trial use. Journal of Hepatology. 32(3):368-73, 2000

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date 10/01/2000

Completion date 05/01/2001

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Study will be confined to patients with chronic renal failure on regular dialysis whose age is greater than 65 years

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Senior

Sex Both

Target number of participants Not provided at time of registration

Key exclusion criteria Does not match inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment 10/01/2000

Date of final enrolment 05/01/2001

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre 4th Floor William Leach Building (M4,123) Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE2 4HH

Sponsor information

Organisation NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

The Department of Health Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL +44 (0)20 7307 2622 dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

Sponsor type

Government

Website http://www.doh.gov.uk

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name

NHS Executive Northern and Yorkshire (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Results article</u>	results	01/06/2002		Yes	No