# Impact of increasing the availability of healthier vs. less healthy food on food selection: a laboratory experiment

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
04/05/2018		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 11/06/2018	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
02/02/2021	Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Our environments shape our behaviour, however little research has assessed whether healthier food cues have a similar impact to less healthy ones. Findings from a recent online study indicated that increasing the number of less healthy snack foods available may have a larger impact on food selection than increasing healthier foods. The aim of this study is to examine whether the availability of healthier vs. less healthy food alters the likelihood of selecting a healthier or less healthy snack for immediate consumption, and to determine if food selection is affected by individuals' socioeconomic status, response inhibition and food appeal.

#### Who can participate?

Adults over the age of 18 who are able to attend a face-to-face study session in Cambridge, UK

#### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of three groups (which vary in terms of the number of healthier vs less healthy foods they are offered). Participants in each group are offered a selection of snack foods, with the available snacks comprising a mix of healthier and less healthy snacks. Participants are asked to select one snack and are asked to consume the entire snack. Participants are also asked to complete measures of response inhibition and food appeal on a laptop at the start of a study, and questions measuring demographic variables after consuming the snacks.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Participants will be paid £30 for participating in this study. There are no known risks of participating in the study.

Where is the study run from?

Behaviour and Health Research Unit, University of Cambridge (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? February 2018 to December 2019

Who is funding the study?

- 1. Wellcome Trust (UK)
- 2. National Institute for Health Research Policy Research Programme (UK)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Rachel Pechey
rachel.pechey@phc.ox.ac.uk (added 07/01/2021)

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Rachel Pechey

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

RG77630

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Impact of increasing the availability of healthier vs. less healthy food on food selection: a laboratory experiment

# **Study objectives**

- 1. Increasing the number of less healthy food items will have a larger effect on food selection than increasing the number of healthier food items
- 2.1. Participants with higher socioeconomic status will be more likely to choose healthier foods after seeing a greater number of healthier food options than those with lower socioeconomic

#### status

- 2.2. Participants with higher socioeconomic status will be less likely to choose less healthy foods after seeing a greater number of less healthy food options than those with lower socioeconomic status
- 3. Response inhibition and food appeal will both partially mediate the impact of socioeconomic status on food selection

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Cambridge Psychology Research Ethics Committee, 28/03/2018, ref: Pre.2018.025

## Study design

Single-centre three-group between-subjects design

#### Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised parallel trial

#### Study setting(s)

Other

## Study type(s)

Other

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Unhealthy diet

#### **Interventions**

Participants are randomly allocated into three groups, which vary in terms of the mix of healthier and less healthy foods offered:

Group 1: Snack selection contains 2 healthier and 2 less healthy foods.

Group 2: Snack selection contains 6 healthier and 2 less healthy foods.

Group 3: Snack selection contains 2 healthier and 6 less healthy foods.

Participants are told they will be taking part in a study investigating the effect of snacking on performance in cognitive tasks so that snack food can be consumed without making participants aware that the study is about snack selection (awareness of this may affect their snack selection). Participants are fully debriefed at the end of the session.

Participants are asked to select one snack and will be asked to consume the entire snack. Participants are also asked to complete implicit measures of response inhibition and food appeal on a laptop at the start of a study, and questions measuring demographic variables after consuming the snacks.

# Intervention Type

Behavioural

#### Primary outcome measure

Selection of healthier or less healthy snack item from the available array

# Secondary outcome measures

N/A

#### Overall study start date

01/02/2018

#### Completion date

31/12/2019

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Adults aged over 18 years
- 2. Participants currently residing within the UK and able to attend a face-to-face study session in Cambridge

#### Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

# Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

414

#### Total final enrolment

417

#### Key exclusion criteria

Any food allergies or intolerances

#### Date of first enrolment

26/04/2018

#### Date of final enrolment

30/11/2018

# **Locations**

#### Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

# Study participating centre Behaviour and Health Research Unit

University of Cambridge Institute of Public Health Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 0SR

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

University of Cambridge (UK)

# Sponsor details

Trinity Lane Cambridge England United Kingdom CB2 1TN

# Sponsor type

University/education

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/013meh722

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Research organisation

#### **Funder Name**

Wellcome Trust

# Alternative Name(s)

#### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

International organizations

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

#### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research

#### Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

United Kingdom

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

- 1. Planned submission of the main results of this study for publication in a peer-reviewed journal
- 2. Dissemination of the results to the public, policy makers and other researchers through targeted social media

# Intention to publish date

30/06/2020

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/02/2021	02/02/2021	Yes	No