A randomised phase II study comparing capecitabine plus streptozocin with or without cisplatin in the treatment of unresectable or metastatic gastroentero-neuroendocrine tumours of the foregut, pancreatic neuroendocrine tumours and neuroendocrine tumours of unknown primary site

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
09/12/2005		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
06/02/2006	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
19/10/2018	Cancer			

# Plain English summary of protocol

http://www.cancerhelp.org.uk/trials/a-trial-looking-at-chemotherapy-for-neuroendocrine-tumours-that-have-spread-or-cant-be-removed-with-an-operation

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Pippa Corrie

### Contact details

Oncology Centre
Box 193
Addenbrookes Hospital
Hills Road
Cambridge
United Kingdom
CB2 2QQ
+44 (0)1223 274376
pippa.corrie@addenbrookes.nhs.uk

# Additional identifiers

### **EudraCT/CTIS** number

2004-005202-71

**IRAS** number

# ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT00602082

### Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

# Study information

### Scientific Title

A randomised phase II study comparing capecitabine plus streptozocin with or without cisplatin in the treatment of unresectable or metastatic gastroentero-neuroendocrine tumours of the foregut, pancreatic neuroendocrine tumours and neuroendocrine tumours of unknown primary site

### **Acronym**

**NET 01** 

### **Study objectives**

What are the objective response rates of two chemotherapy regimens being tested in patients with unresectable or metastatic NeuroEndocrine Tumours (NET) originating from the stomach, duodenum, pancreas or from an unknown primary site?

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

South West MREC on 23/08/2005 (ref: 05/MRE06/32)

# Study design

Interventional, randomised controlled trial, phase II trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Other

# Study type(s)

Treatment

### Participant information sheet

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Neuroendocrine tumour

### **Interventions**

Patients will be randomised to one of two groups:

- 1. Streptozocin (Zanosar) injection on the first day of every three week cycle
- 2. Streptozocin (Zanosar) and cisplatin injections on the first day of each three week cycle

Each patient will have up to six cycles of chemotherapy treatment over 18 weeks. One treatment cycle will last three weeks (21 days). Both groups will also be taking capecitabine (Xeloda) tablets continuously, twice a day, for 18 weeks. Patients will be asked to fill in a quality of life questionnaire before they start treatment, every nine weeks during the treatment and 12 weeks after the last treatment. Patients will also have CT and MRI scans every three cycles (nine weeks) while they are having the treatment.

### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

Phase II

### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Streptozocin, cisplatin, capecitabine

### Primary outcome measure

Objective response rate.

### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Overall response rate, to include both objective and biochemical responses
- 2. Functional response
- 3. Toxicity of both combination regimens
- 4. To identify the optimal drug doses in each regimen to be recommended for a subsequent phase III trial
- 5. Progression-free survival
- 6. Overall survival
- 7. Quality of life
- 8. Molecular markers predictive of response to chemotherapy

### Overall study start date

01/06/2005

# Completion date

31/05/2009

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with histological confirmation of resectable, advanced and/or metastatic:
- 1.1. Gastroentero-neuroendocrine tumour of the foregut
- 1.2. Pancreatic neuroendocrine tumour
- 1.3. Neuroendocrine tumour of unknown primary source
- 2. Measureable disease, defined by the presence of at least one lesion which can be accurately measured in at least one dimension with longest diameter more than 20 mm using conventional Computed Tomography (CT) scanning, or more than 10 mm with spiral CT or Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)
- 3. No prior or concomitant chemotherapy or immunotherapy administered for this condition
- 4. Life expectancy more than 12 weeks
- 5. Performance status zero, one or two (Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group [ECOG] performance scale)
- 6. Aged over 18 years

### Participant type(s)

Patient

### Age group

Adult

### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

84; 42 in each arm

### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Bronchial NETs
- 2. No previous systemic chemotherapy or chemotherapy administered as part of a chemoembolisation regimen is allowed. Prior interferon is allowed. In this case, the time interval between the last dose of interferon and the date of commencing chemotherapy within this trial should be at least three weeks
- 3. Any previous investigational agent within the last four weeks. Patients may have previously received somatostatin analogues. Patients on somatostatin analogues are eligible to enter the study if their symptoms are no longer controlled by this treatment or there is documented measurable disease progression on serial CT scans performed up to six months apart, as defined by Response Evaluation Criteria In Solid Tumors (RECIST) criteria. At the time of trial entry, it is acceptable for the patient to continue their somatostatin analogue therapy or to stop it, depending on individual circumstances
- 4. Palliative radiotherapy involving any of the lesion(s) being used to measure disease. Palliative radiotherapy to regions not involved in measurement of disease is permitted.
- 5. Any other serious or uncontrolled illness, which in the opinion of the investigator, makes it undesirable for the patient to enter the trial
- 6. Any medical or psychiatric condition which would influence the ability to provide informed consent
- 7. Pregnant or lactating women

### Date of first enrolment

01/06/2005

### Date of final enrolment

31/05/2009

# Locations

### Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

# Study participating centre Oncology Centre

Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 2QQ

# Sponsor information

### Organisation

Cambridge University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

## Sponsor details

Addenbrookes Hospital Box 146 Hills Road Cambridge England United Kingdom

CB2 2QQ

### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

### **ROR**

https://ror.org/04v54gj93

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

University/education

### **Funder Name**

Addenbrookes Hospital Oncology Centre (UK) - costs of trial administration

### Funder Name

University of Glasgow Pathology Department (UK) - pathological study costs

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Plain English results				No	Yes
Results article	results	01/03/2014		Yes	No