Switch to oral hypoglycemic agent therapy from insulin injection in patients with type 2 diabetes

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered	
10/08/2007	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol	
Registration date 17/08/2007	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan	
		[X] Results	
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data	
29/10/2021	Nutritional. Metabolic. Endocrine		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Switch to oral hypoglycemic agent therapy from insulin injection in patients with type 2 diabetes

Study objectives

Insulin injection treatment is associated with pain and puts a heavy physical, mental, and financial burden on patients. In this study, we aim to develop a novel method to change the route of administration of hypoglycemic agents from needle-mediated to oral, thereby enabling patients with type 2 diabetes to have a more comfortable life by being liberated from painful procedures and recurrent insulin-induced hypoglycemic incidents. Pioglitazone is a newly available agent that improves insulin resistance, a core defect in type 2 diabetes. Since pioglitazone has not been used as a major agent for switching, this study uses this agent together with a sulphonylurea, glimepiride and an alpha glucosidase inhibitor, voglibose to develop a new approach for the substitution of insulin therapy. Since insulin injection per se may exacerbate insulin resistance, we completely stop insulin injections before the switch and then immediately administer oral agents in patients under long-term insulin injection in order to maximize pioglitazone's insulin-sensitizing capacity.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Kitami Medical Association Institutional Review Board, approved on 03/07/2006 (ref: 06-B-108)

Study design

Non-randomised controlled trial (all participants received the same interventions and there was no control group).

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Type 2 diabetes

Interventions

All participants are hospitalized. On the day insulin injection therapy is completely withdrawn, the therapy with oral hypoglycemic agents (combination therapy) is initiated.

The initial doses are: 15-30 mg Pioglitazone ,1-3 mg glimepiride, and 0.9 mg voglibose. The maximum dose of pioglitazone is 45 mg, and that of glimepiride is 4 mg. If fasting plasma glucose is less than 5.55 mmol/l and/or hypoglycemia developed, glimepiride is first reduced in dosage and then pioglitazone.

Duration of interventions: 4 months.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

pioglitazone, glimepiride and voglibose

Primary outcome(s)

Rate of success in the study. Success is defined as HbA1c at four months after the switch <7.0%.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Difference in mean HbA1C from the baseline compared to four-month timepoint. Differences among values of the following are also assessed (measured at months 0 and 4):

- 1. Serum lipid concentrations
- 2. Blood pressure
- 3. Body weight
- 4. Hematocrit
- 5. Albumin
- 6. Blood urea nitrogen
- 7. Creatinine
- 8. Aspartate Transaminase (AST)
- 9. Alanine Transaminase (ALT)

Completion date

31/12/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with type 2 diabetes under long-term insulin injection
- 2. Age between 40 and 86 years
- 3. Insulin dosage >10 units/24 h
- 4. Insulin injection duration >3 months
- 5. C-peptide in 24-hr urine >10 micrograms
- 6. Fasting CPR > 0.5 ng/ml

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Αll

Total final enrolment

36

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Positive for glutamine acid decarboxylase antibody
- 2. ALT and/or AST >3 times the upper limit of normal

- 3. Presently and/or in the past suffering from heart failure
- 4. Ejection fraction assessed by echocardiography <40%
- 5. Malignancy on active therapeutic regimen or without complete remission or cure
- 6. Concomitantly suffering from infection
- 7. Planning to have surgery
- 8. >50% positivity for insulin antibody
- 9. Diagnosis of type I diabetes
- 10. Pregnant or breast feeding
- 11. Under dialysis
- 12. Concomitantly using pioglitazone

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2005

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Japan

Study participating centre

793-1

Hokkaido

Japan

099-2102

Sponsor information

Organisation

Okhotsk-kai Hospital (Japan)

ROR

https://ror.org/0261c1d14

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		11/11/2008	29/10/2021	Yes	No