

Topical zinc oxide for open pilonidal sinus wounds: a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled multicentre trial

Submission date 20/09/2004	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 29/09/2004	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 25/09/2009	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Magnus Ågren

Contact details

Department of Surgery K
Bispebjerg Hospital
University of Copenhagen
Bispebjerg Bakke 23
Copenhagen
Denmark
DK-2400
+45 35316493
magnus.agren@get2net.dk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

ZÅRSTUDIET

Study objectives

Locally applied zinc oxide (ZnO) may be beneficial for various types of human wounds. This randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled multicentre trial compared the effect of topical ZnO with placebo under moist conditions on the healing of excisional wounds following surgical removal of the pilonidal sinus.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

No ethics information required at time of registration.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Pilonidal excisional wound

Interventions

Zinc oxide and polyvinylpyrrolidone versus polyvinylpyrrolidone alone

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Topical zinc oxide

Primary outcome measure

Time to wound closure in days, defined by complete coverage of the wound with visible epithelium.

Secondary outcome measures

Secondary outcomes were:

1. Postoperative antibiotic treatment
2. Re-operations
3. Pain intensity
4. Adverse events

Tertiary outcomes were:

1. Serum-zinc levels
2. Sick leave

Overall study start date

01/02/2002

Completion date

01/05/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients, 18 years or older, with a first-episode of pilonidal abscess requiring surgery are included after giving their written informed consent.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

75

Key exclusion criteria

Previous pilonidal surgery, hypersensitivity to zinc, dementia, insufficiency in Danish, pregnancy or lactation.

Date of first enrolment

01/02/2002

Date of final enrolment

01/05/2004

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Denmark

Study participating centre

Department of Surgery K

Copenhagen

Denmark

DK-2400

Sponsor information

Organisation

Bispebjerg Hospital (Denmark)

Sponsor details

Department of Surgery K

Bispebjerg Hospital

University of Copenhagen

Bispebjerg Bakke 23

Copenhagen

Denmark

DK-2400

+45 35316493

magnus.agren@get2net.dk

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

<https://ror.org/00td68a17>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Apotekerfonden 1991, Abigo Medical AB

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/09/2006		Yes	No