# Advantages and disadvantages of postmenopausal hormone therapy: a preventive trial - the Estonian Postmenopausal Hormone Therapy trial

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
09/09/2004		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 15/10/2004	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 01/11/2016	Condition category Urological and Genital Diseases	Individual participant data		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number 308901

# Study information

Scientific Title

Advantages and disadvantages of postmenopausal hormone therapy: a preventive trial - the Estonian Postmenopausal Hormone Therapy trial

#### Acronym

**EPHT** 

#### **Study objectives**

The Estonian Postmenopausal Hormone Therapy (EPHT) trial is a randomised controlled trial, having blind and non-blind groups. By carrying out this trial comparing combined continuous postmenopausal Hormone Therapy (HT) to placebo or no drugs we will study:

- 1. Health effects of HT on the risk of cancers, coronary heart disease, cardiovascular disease, bone fractures
- 2. Immediate and long-term effects on well-being and quality of life
- 3. Effects on the experience of the climacteric and aging and partner relationship
- 4. Effects on the use of health services
- 5. Placebo effect and trial effect by means of the design as well as its effect on recruitment, adherence and trial outcomes

Outcome data have been collected by annual questionnaires to the women, from national health registers (cancer register, death register, sickness insurance), and patient records. The analysis is by intention to treat: the women could opt out from the randomised treatment, but they remain in the study until they die or are lost to follow-up.

In terms of long-term effects we assume that PHT will increase the incidence of breast cancer and decrease fractures. In terms of other diseases, we have no hypothesis on the direction of the effect. We assume that PHT will have beneficial effects to those of women who have menopausal symptoms, but regarding the direction of the effect on symptoms and well being in older women we have no a priori hypothesis. The impact on different dimensions is likely to vary. The same is true for social effects. We assume that PHT will increase the use of health services and result in more gynaecological interventions, including hysterectomy.

In terms of feasibility, the hypotheses are:

- 1. The non-blind arm will have better recruitment, fewer drop-outs, and will be cheaper
- 2. The blind trial will not be fully blind (women will guess the therapy because of drug effects), and will be less contaminated later in the trial, when PHT is likely to be more common in Estonia. Cost in the non-blind arm will be reduced both by anticipated fewer visits and less need for a thorough study of spotting and other bleeding.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Local research ethics committee (Tallinna Meditsiinieetika komitee), 22/01/1998

### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

#### **Treatment**

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Menopausal disorders

#### **Interventions**

Blind group: The active drug is orally administered conjugated oestrogen 0.625 mg plus Medroxyprogesterone Acetate (MPA) 2.5 mg, taken every day (women within 3 years of their last period will receive an additional 2.5 mg of MPA), or matched placebo.

Non-blind group: Open label conjugated oestrogen 0.625 mg plus medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA) 2.5 mg, taken every day. Women within 3 years of their last period will receive an additional 2.5 mg of MPA.

Control group: No intervention

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Oestrogen, medroxyprogesterone acetate

#### Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Health effects:
- 1.1. The sum of major ischaemic heart diseases events (fatal and non-fatal myocardial infarction and sudden coronary death) and of stroke
- 1.2. The sum of major fractures
- 1.3. Mortality and incidence of breast cancer and other cancers. In case of breast cancer the stage and type of cancer will be specified
- 1.4. Deaths from all causes
- 2. Immediate and long-term effects on well-being and quality of life: data from the annual questionnaires including Women's Health Questionnaire (WHQ), EQ-5D scores, self-rated health status, list of symptoms
- 3. Effects on the experience of the climacteric and aging and partner relationship: data from the annual questionnaires
- 4. Effects on health services:
- 4.1. Inpatient health care costs
- 4.2. Outpatient health care costs
- 4.3. Costs of prescribed drugs
- 4.4. Costs of sickness leaves
- 4.5. Total number of health care visits
- 4.6. Number of visits to gynaecologists
- 4.7. Number of visits to family practitioners
- 4.8. Number of hospital care days
- 4.9. Number of hospitalisations
- 4.10. Number of days on sickness leave
- 4.11. Number of selected medical procedures
- 5. Methodological outcomes:

- 5.1. Recruitment rates
- 5.2. Adherence rates
- 5.3. Differences between the trial arms regarding outcomes in health effects, quality of life, health care use, well-being, symptoms and social effects

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

No secondary outcome measures

#### Completion date

30/04/2004

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Women aged 50 64 years
- 2. Last period at least 12 months before recruitment

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Female

#### Kev exclusion criteria

Women with the following characteristics and health problems, as reported by women themselves or reported in patient records or health registers or found during the clinical examination are excluded from the study:

- 1. Current HT in last six months
- 2. Menstrual period within the last 12 months
- 3. Untreated endometrial adenomatosis or atypical hyperplasia of endometrium
- 4. Breast cancer, endometrial cancer, ovarian cancer
- 5. Any cancer treated less than 5 years ago
- 6. History of meningioma
- 7. Myocardial infarction within the last 6 months
- 8. History of hepatitis (not hepatitis A) or liver functional disorders during last 3 months
- 9. History of deep vein thrombosis, pulmonary embolism, cerebral infarction
- 10. Porphyria
- 11. Hypertension in spite of medication more than 170/110 mmHq
- 12. Endometriosis

#### Date of first enrolment

13/01/1999

#### Date of final enrolment

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Estonia

**Finland** 

00530

Study participating centre Lintulahdenkuja 4 Helsinki Finland

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

National Research and Development Centre for Welfare and Health (STAKES) (Finland)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03tf0c761

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Research organisation

#### **Funder Name**

National Research and Development Centre for Welfare and Health (STAKES) (Finland) (ref: 308901)

#### **Funder Name**

Academy of Finland (Finland) (refs: 48117, 201490)

#### Alternative Name(s)

Academy of Finland, Suomen Akatemia, Finlands Akademi, AKA

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

## Funding Body Subtype

Research institutes and centers

#### Location

Finland

#### Funder Name

Ministry of Education in Finland (Finland)

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient- facing?
Results article	results on cost effectiveness	01/07 /2006		Yes	No
Results article	results	20/09 /2006		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/05 /2007		Yes	No
Results article	results on symptom reporting and quality of life	26/03 /2008		Yes	No
Results article	results	08/06 /2009		Yes	No
Results article	effect of characteristics of women on attendance results	18/10 /2016		Yes	No
Other publications	progress report on patient recruitment	12/04 /2005		Yes	No
Other publications	progress report on treatment adherence	01/11 /2005		Yes	No
Other publications	progress report	26/03 /2008		Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11 /2025	11/11 /2025	No	Yes
Study website	Study website	11/11 /2025	11/11 /2025	No	Yes