# Comparing laparoscopic and robotic surgical training and operative skills

Submission date 17/09/2019	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li><li>[X] Protocol</li></ul>
Registration date 13/11/2019	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<ul> <li>Statistical analysis plan</li> <li>[X] Results</li> </ul>
Last Edited 01/12/2022	<b>Condition category</b> Surgery	<ul> <li>Individual participant data</li> </ul>

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Minimally invasive surgery (keyhole surgery) traditionally uses the laparoscopic technique. Laparoscopic skills are difficult to acquire and take years of practice for junior surgeons to go through the learning curve to be able to perform operations safely. More recently, the robotic technique is being used for operations, which may be easier and quicker for junior surgeons to learn basic surgical skills. The aim of this study is to compare the ability of junior surgeons and medical students to perform basic surgical skills after one day's training on either the laparoscopic or robotic simulator.

Who can participate? Junior surgical trainees and medical students

What does the study involve?

Each participant spends two days at The Newcastle Surgical Training Centre. They are randomly allocated to either the laparoscopic or robotic group. Each participant spends 6 hours training on the laparoscopic or robotic simulator. The following day they perform three different operations on cadaveric specimens. These involve surgical skills such as suturing and careful handling of tissue. The operating is recorded and timed. Two consultant surgeons then score the anonymised participant using video analysis. They are given a global rating scale score for each procedure and the number of suturing errors is recorded.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The students and trainees who take part will gain 2 days of practice in minimally invasive surgical skills. This is very sought after amongst those interested in a career in surgery and usually requires a high fee payment for a surgical skills course. All participants will benefit substantially. Those in the laparoscopic group will benefit from training in a skill used by their team and them on a daily basis. Those in the robotic group will have the experience of this new technique, which is extremely unlikely that they would otherwise have access to this in their usual training facilities. There are no risks of participating.

Where is the study run from? Newcastle Surgical Training Centre (UK) When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2019 to June 2019

Who is funding the study? Intuitive Foundation (USA)

Who is the main contact? Prof. Long Jiao l.jiao@imperial.ac.uk

# **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

**Contact name** Prof Long Jiao

# **Contact details**

Hammersmith Hospital Du Cane Road London United Kingdom W12 0HS +44 (0)2033131000 l.jiao@imperial.ac.uk

# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

# **IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number** Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers LJ006

# Study information

# Scientific Title

Shortening surgical training through robotics: a randomised controlled trial of laparoscopic versus robotic surgical learning curves

# **Study objectives**

To determine whether there are any differences in surgical skills between laparoscopic and robotic operating on cadaveric specimens after simulation training for both surgical trainees and medical students.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

The Newcastle Surgical Training Centre is licensed to train students on human cadavers (Human Tissue Act 2004, Licensing no: 12148). Ethics approval was not required as there are no patients involved in the trial.

**Study design** Randomised parallel-group trial

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised parallel trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

**Study type(s)** Other

**Participant information sheet** Not available

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Surgical training

#### Interventions

Surgical trainees from the North-West Thames London Deanery and the North-East Deanery in the UK, as well as medical students from Imperial College London and from Newcastle University, will be invited to participate. Each participant will spend two days at The Newcastle Surgical Training Centre. The participants will be invited to the centre and blinded to their group until the training day. Eligible participants will be computer randomised in a 1:1 ratio between laparoscopic and robotic training. Both groups will receive either 6 hours robotic or laparoscopic simulation and box-training followed by 2 hours recorded cadaveric operating (three different operations) the following day. These involve surgical skills such as suturing and careful handling of tissue. The operating will be recorded and timed. Two consultant surgeons will then score the anonymised participant using video analysis. they will be given a global rating scale score for each procedure and the number of suturing errors will be recorded.

#### Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome measure

Global rating score (maximum points 30) for each operative task

#### Secondary outcome measures

1. Time taken for each task (minutes) measured after each operative task

2. Number of suturing errors for each operative task, measured after each operative task

3. Number of loops created with continuous suture closure of gastrostomy (cohort 1), measured after closure of gastrostomy

4. Number of completed sutures in 40 minutes (cohort 2), measured after completion of operative task

5. Surgeon comfort following all procedures, measured on a scale of 1-5 after completion of operative tasks

## Overall study start date

01/01/2019

# Completion date

01/06/2019

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

Surgical trainees (ST):
 1.1. UK surgical trainee
 1.2. Knowledge of anatomy and steps of cholecystectomy
 Medical students (MS):
 2.1. UK medical student year 3-5

# Participant type(s)

Health professional

## Age group

Adult

## Sex

Both

**Target number of participants** 20

## Key exclusion criteria

Surgical trainees (ST):
 Surgical trainee for more than 4 years
 Performed >5 laparoscopic or robotic cholecystectomies as the primary surgeon
 Medical students (MS):
 Previous assisting in minimally invasive surgery

## Date of first enrolment

01/03/2019

Date of final enrolment

01/05/2019

# Locations

**Countries of recruitment** England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre Newcastle Surgical Training Centre** United Kingdom NE7 7DN

# Sponsor information

**Organisation** The Cromwell Hospital

#### **Sponsor details** London Robotic HPB Centre 164-178 Cromwell Road Kensington

London England United Kingdom SW5 0TU +44 (0)2074605700 umeer.waheed@nhs.net

**Sponsor type** Hospital/treatment centre

Website https://www.bupacromwellhospital.com

ROR https://ror.org/0465c2k31

# Funder(s)

**Funder type** Charity

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

The researchers plan to publish the results in a high-impact peer-reviewed international surgical journal and to present the results of the study at international surgical conferences. They plan to submit for publication at the end of 2019.

#### Intention to publish date

01/06/2020

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and analysed will be available upon request from Tamara Gall (tamara. gall1@nhs.net). The data will be available from June 2019 for a 12-month period after which it will be deleted. The data will be stored on a password-protected NHS computer. The data will only be shared with a high impact peer-reviewed journal if requested during the review process. Consent was obtained for data collection by all participants, all data is anonymised with participants recorded as a number with no personal identification.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol file</u>			05/12/2019	No	No
Basic results		07/06/2020	11/06/2020	No	No
<u>Results article</u>		02/12/2020	01/12/2022	Yes	No