A prospective randomised study of the optimal time for the administration of human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG) in women undergoing IVF in a gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH) antagonist cycle

Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
	☐ Protocol	
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
Completed	[X] Results	
Condition category Pregnancy and Childbirth	[] Individual participant data	
	No longer recruiting Overall study status Completed Condition category	

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0436118096

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

A prospective, randomised study on patients undergoing IVF or IVF/intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI) receiving HCG injection in three different time scales (at the standard time, delay 24 or 48 h) when they are ready to be scheduled for the oocyte retrieval. HCG is employed to initiate maturation of oocytes and ovulation before the egg collection 36 h later. The main objective is to determine whether there is an optimal time to give HCG injection; and also to observe any differences in the number of eggs being collected, fertilisation rates, embryos quality and pregnancy rates among the three groups.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Pregnancy and Childbirth: In vitro fertilisation (IVF)

Interventions

Laboratory study; Case-note review; Randomised controlled trial, Random allocation to receive HCG injection at:

- 1. Standard time delay
- 2. 24 h delay
- 3. 48 h delay

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

The main objective is to determine whether there is an optimal time to give HCG injection, and also to observe any differences in the number of eggs being collected, fertilisation rates, embryos quality and pregnancy rates among the three groups.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

31/07/2002

Completion date

31/01/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients undergoing their first or second cycle of IVF or IVF/intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI).
- 2. Age of partner 19-36 years.
- 3. Body mass index 20-30 kg/m2.
- 4. Serum follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH) concentration in normal range.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

Not provided at time of registration

Key exclusion criteria

Does not match inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

31/07/2002

Date of final enrolment

31/01/2004

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Obstetrics & Gynaecology

Leeds United Kingdom LS1 3EX

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Leeds Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/09/2012		Yes	No