

A randomised controlled trial to estimate the clinical and cost-effectiveness of four different methods of mechanical support in severe ankle sprains

Submission date

25/04/2003

Recruitment status

No longer recruiting

☐ Prospectively registered

☒ Protocol

Registration date

25/04/2003

Overall study status

Completed

☐ Statistical analysis plan

☒ Results

Last Edited

16/01/2020

Condition category

Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning

☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

HTA 01/14/10

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomised controlled trial to estimate the clinical and cost-effectiveness of four different methods of mechanical support in severe ankle sprains

Acronym

CAST

Study objectives

To estimate:

1. The clinical effectiveness of three different methods of ankle support (below knee plaster cast, Kendall ankle support, Bledsoe boot) in comparison to Tubigrip in the recovery of mobility and function after Grade II and III sprains of the ankle joint.
2. The cost-effectiveness of the three different methods of ankle support in comparison to Tubigrip only. The economic analysis will be conducted from a societal perspective.

Tubigrip has been chosen as the reference (status quo) treatment; it is the cheapest, but is likely to be least effective (ref 1). The Bledsoe boot is a factor of 30 times more expensive (US\$50 usual, assuming no re-use), and its clinical effectiveness is yet to be proven. The below knee plaster cast will be Scotch Cast (cost £5). There are a range of ankle supports available. We have selected the Kendall Gel Brace (£19 per brace), which is the cheapest and, in our experience is as clinically effective as other brands. All treatments will be provided in the NHS, in a manner consistent with current national practice.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Injury, occupational diseases, poisoning: Musculoskeletal injury

Interventions

1. Below knee plaster cast
2. Kendall ankle support
3. Bledsoe boot
4. Tubigrip

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Not provided at time of registration.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Not provided at time of registration.

Completion date

17/05/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients with Grade II and III sprains of the ankle joint.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration.

Date of first enrolment

18/11/2002

Date of final enrolment

17/05/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

School of Health & Social Studies
Coventry
United Kingdom
CV4 7AL

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/03sbpja79>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme - HTA (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	14/02/2009		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/08/2010		Yes	No
Results article	case study results	14/01/2020	16/01/2020	Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	13/01/2005		Yes	No