Effects of cervical vertebral manipulative therapy on judo athletes grip strength

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
20/05/2011	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
02/06/2011	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
02/06/2011	Musculoskeletal Diseases	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Marcelo Botelho

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

n/a

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

When cervical spinal manipulation (CSMT) is applied to the cervical spine, grip strength in Judo athletes can be increased

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Research Ethics Committee, Institute of Higher Education (Instituto Mantenedor de Ensino Superior) (Brazil) May 2009, Ref 904

Study design

Prospective, single blind, pilot randomized clinical trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Sports performence influence on judo athletes

Interventions

- 1. Cervical spine manipulative therapy
- 2. Sham manipulation

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Grip strength variations before CSMT therapy or sham intervention and after first, second and third intreventions on groups treatment and placebo
- 2. For measurement it was used a hand hydraulic dynamometer (Jamar 5030 J1)

Key secondary outcome(s))

No secondary outcome measures

Completion date

30/06/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Age ranging from 15-30 years
- 2. Regular attendance to training and competing sessions for at least four days a week
- 3. Never been submitted to chiropractic care and possessno prior knowledge of its procedures
- 4. No change of the medical or physical routine due the addition of the new procedures

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Spine anomalies, such as hypoplasia or instability of the odontoid process
- 2. Acute fracture or infections
- 3. Cancer
- 4. Local hematoma
- 5. Signs of progressive neurological deficit
- 6. Arnold-Chiari malformation
- 7. Vertebral dislocation
- 8. Signs of meningeal irritation
- 9. Joint instability signs

Date of first enrolment

01/06/2009

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Brazil

Study participating centre

Av. Oceanica, 3731

Salvador Brazil 41950-000

Sponsor information

Organisation

School of Technology and Science (Faculdade de Tecnologia e Ciências) (Brazil)

ROR

https://ror.org/04c3ymz82

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded (Brazil)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet
Participant information sheet
11/11/2025 No Yes