

# Role of Eustachian tube surgery in the treatment of chronic secretory otitis media

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| <b>Submission date</b><br>16/06/2021   | <b>Recruitment status</b><br>Recruiting           | <input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered<br><input type="checkbox"/> Protocol                       |
| <b>Registration date</b><br>08/07/2021 | <b>Overall study status</b><br>Ongoing            | <input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan<br><input type="checkbox"/> Results                       |
| <b>Last Edited</b><br>09/05/2024       | <b>Condition category</b><br>Ear, Nose and Throat | <input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data<br><input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year |

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

This study treats patients with chronic secretory otitis media (inner ear infection) by the techniques of balloon dilation of the eustachian tube (connect the middle ears to the back of the throat), tympanic (eardrum) tube placement, and a combination of both, and follows up their response and prognosis (eustachian tube function, hearing, and other indicators) to provide a data basis for optimal treatment plans for patients with chronic secretory otitis media in the future.

### Who can participate?

Adults aged 18 to 70 years diagnosed with chronic secretory otitis media in China.

### What does the study involve?

Patients diagnosed with chronic secretory otitis media were asked to participate in this study when they visit the hospital. Patients were randomly assigned to the balloon dilation of the eustachian tube (BDET), tympanic tube placement (Tube), and a combination of both (BDET+Tube) in a 1:1:1 ratio and received the corresponding surgical treatment. Clinical follow-up at 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, and 12 months after surgery. The study lasts three years in total.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Patients may receive the same clinical benefit and potentially improved condition as with conventional eustachian balloon dilation or tympanic tube placement or a combination of the two. Potential complications associated with balloon dilation of the eustachian tube or tympanic tube placement may occur during or after the procedure.

### Where is the study run from?

The study is being run by the Sixth Medical Center of PLA General Hospital and takes place in 21 hospitals across China.

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

April 2021 to July 2027

Who is funding the study?  
The Sixth Medical Center of PLA General Hospital (China)

Who is the main contact?  
Dr. Zhaohui Hou, [Houstone301@yahoo.com](mailto:Houstone301@yahoo.com)

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**  
Nil known

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**  
Nil known

**Secondary identifying numbers**  
ChiCTR2100046672

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
Prospective, multicenter, randomized, controlled clinical study to evaluate the effectiveness of Eustachian tube surgical intervention in the treatment of chronic secretory otitis media

**Acronym**  
ETSICSOM

## **Study objectives**

Treatment with BDET has the opportunity to allow patients to avoid tympanic tube placement, or the possibility of enhanced outcomes with BDET in conjunction with tympanic tube placement.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Approved 07/05/2021, RB of Chinese PLA General Hospital (No.28, Fuxing Road, Haidian District, Beijing; +86(0)10-66957608; 301jgb@sina.com), ref: HZKY-PJ-2021-15

## **Study design**

Multicenter interventional randomized parallel clinical study

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Secondary study design**

Randomised parallel trial

## **Study setting(s)**

Hospital

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Participant information sheet**

No participant information sheet available

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Surgical intervention of chronic secretory otitis media

## **Interventions**

This study treats patients with chronic secretory otitis media by balloon dilation of the Eustachian tube (BDET), tympanic tube placement (Tube), and a combination of both (BDET+Tube). Block randomization method was adopted, and independent biostatisticians were responsible for generating random codes. According to the results of random grouping, researchers provided corresponding treatment for patients.

Subjects were randomly assigned to the BDET group, the BDET+TUBE group, or the TUBE group in a ratio of 1:1:1.

BDET group: The patients were treated with eustachian tube balloon dilatation surgery. Follow-up at 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, and 1 year after surgery.

Tube group: The patients were treated with tympanic tube placement surgery. Follow-up at 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, and 1 year after surgery.

BDET+Tube group: The patients were treated with eustachian tube balloon dilatation surgery combined with tympanic tube placement surgery. Follow-up at 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, and 1 year after surgery.

**Intervention Type**

Procedure/Surgery

**Primary outcome measure**

Eustachian tube dysfunction, measured using the eustachian tube score (ETS) at baseline and 12 months after the operation

**Secondary outcome measures**

1. Eustachian tube patency measured using recovery rate of Valsalva test at 3, 6 months
2. Hearing measured using pure tone audiometry at 6, 12 months
3. Morphology of tympanic membrane measured using otoendoscopy at 3, 6 months
4. Clearance of middle ear effusion measured using otoendoscopy at 1, 3 months
5. Eustachian tube dysfunction, measured using the ETS score 3, 6 months

**Overall study start date**

01/04/2021

**Completion date**

01/07/2027

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

1. Age 18 to 70 years (including borderline values), with no restriction on gender
2. Patients diagnosed with chronic secretory otitis media, with no restriction on side, and those who meet the criteria in both ears can be included.
3. History of chronic secretory otitis media greater than 3 months.
4. Complete tympanic membrane with clear middle ear effusion on otoscopic examination.
5. Conductive deafness.
6. Acoustic conduction resistance with type B or C curve.
7. Negative for Valsalva.
8. History of previous tympanic membrane puncture or medication (nasal spray hormone and/or mucus promoter, etc.).
9. Patients who are to be treated with tympanic tube placement or eustachian tube balloon dilation for the first time and meet the indications for the surgery.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 Years

**Upper age limit**

70 Years

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

480

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Fluctuating sensorineural deafness.
2. Otoscopic examination of the tympanic membrane with adhesions to the tympanic capsule or the presence of otitis externa (oozing from the external ear canal, fungal infection, etc.)
3. Clear presence of abnormal opening of the eustachian tube or other eustachian tube diseases.
4. Eligible for surgical treatment due to other nasal, sinus or ear diseases.
5. History of surgery on the affected middle ear and nasal cavity or nasopharynx.
6. History of cleft palate or other deformities or related surgical repair.
7. History of head or neck surgery or radiation therapy
8. Patients with ciliary immobility syndrome.
9. Expected survival for malignancy <12 months.
10. Patients with other conditions that, in the opinion of the investigator, are not suitable for participation in this study.

**Date of first enrolment**

15/06/2021

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2026

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

China

**Study participating centre**

**The Sixth Medical Center of PLA General Hospital**

Beijing

China

100037

**Study participating centre**

**Eye&ENT Hospital of Fudan University**

Shanghai

China

200031

**Study participating centre**

**Sun Yat-sen Memorial Hospital, Sun Yat-sen University**

Guangzhou

China  
510120

**Study participating centre**  
**Chengdu Second People's Hospital**  
Chengdu  
China  
610031

**Study participating centre**  
**The First Affiliated Hospital of Zhengzhou University**  
Zhengzhou  
China  
450052

**Study participating centre**  
**Peking University, Shenzhen Hospital**  
Shenzhen  
China  
518036

**Study participating centre**  
**Qilu Hospital of Shandong University**  
Jinan  
China  
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**Study participating centre**  
**The First Affiliated Hospital of Nanchang University**  
Nanchang  
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**Study participating centre**  
**The First Affiliated Hospital of Chongqing Medical University**  
Chongqing  
China  
400016

**Study participating centre**  
**Xiangya Hospital Central South University**  
Changsha  
China  
410008

**Study participating centre**  
**Renmin Hospital of Wuhan University**  
Wuhan  
China  
430060

**Study participating centre**  
**Tangdu Hospital**  
Xian  
China  
710038

**Study participating centre**  
**The First Affiliated Hospital of Anhui Medical University**  
Hefei  
China  
230022

**Study participating centre**  
**Peking University First Hospital**  
Beijing  
China  
100034

**Study participating centre**  
**Foshan Second People's Hospital**  
Foshan  
China  
528000

**Study participating centre**

**Shengjing Hospital of China Medical University**  
Shenyang  
China  
110004

**Study participating centre**  
**Yantai Yuhuangding Hospital**  
Yantai  
China  
264001

**Study participating centre**  
**Peking University Third Hospital**  
Beijing  
China  
100191

**Study participating centre**  
**Peking Union Medical College Hospital**  
Beijing  
China  
100730

**Study participating centre**  
**Shenzhen Longgang ENT Hospital**  
Shenzhen  
China  
518172

**Study participating centre**  
**Foshan First People's Hospital**  
Foshan  
China  
528300

**Study participating centre**



**Third Affiliated Hospital, Sun Yat-Sen University**  
Guangzhou  
China  
510000

**Study participating centre**  
**Haikou People's Hospital**  
Haikou  
China  
570100

**Study participating centre**  
**Henan Provincial People's Hospital**  
Zhengzhou  
China  
450000

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**  
The Sixth Medical Center of PLA General Hospital

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**Sponsor type**  
Hospital/treatment centre

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**  
Hospital/treatment centre

**Funder Name**

## Results and Publications

### Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal.

### Intention to publish date

31/07/2027

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

All data generated or analysed during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Other