Clinical study to assess treatment effects of Cerebrolysin in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
01/12/2023	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
08/01/2024	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
09/01/2024	Nervous System Diseases	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) is a progressive condition that causes you to lose control of your muscles in stages. Cerebrolysin is a drug that supports the nerves and may therefore have a beneficial effect in the treatment of ALS. This study assessed whether patients have a greater therapeutic benefit in treating the symptoms of ALS when Cerebrolysin is added to the standard treatment (riluzole).

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years and over with a confirmed diagnosis of ALS and a considerable increase in muscle tone

What does the study involve?

Patients received intravenous injections of 10 ml Cerebrolysin once a day, 5 days a week for the first month, then 3 days a week for the next 2 months, administered at home by a specialist nurse. Patients in the placebo group received the same treatment with 10 ml of normal saline. All patients received 50 mg of riluzole by mouth twice daily. Clinical assessments of motor and functional deterioration, spasticity and depressive symptoms were made before the start of treatment, at month 1, month 2 and at the end of the treatment period at month 3.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The potential benefit was an improvement in ALS symptoms, and no safety issues were expected.

Where is the study run from? Instituto Cardiológico Banfield (ICB) (Argentina)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2020 to June 2022

Who is funding the study?

Instituto Cardiológico Banfield (ICB) (Argentina) and the study drug was provided by EVER Neuro Pharma GmbH

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

Add-on treatment with Cerebrolysin improves clinical symptoms in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis patients: results of a prospective, single-center, placebo-controlled, randomized, double-blind, Phase II study

Study objectives

Patients with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) benefit more from treatment with a combination of Cerebrolysin and riluzole than they do from treatment with riluzole alone.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 12/01/2021, Comité De Ética De Clínica Privada Banfield Bancei (Félix de Azara 1780 – Banfield, Pcia de Bs. As, Buenos Aires, Banfield, Austria; +54 (0)11 3754-0050; info@clinicabanfield.com), ref: Carta de dictamen - Cerebrolysin - 12ene21

Study design

Investigator-initiated interventional prospective single-center placebo-controlled randomized double-blind Phase II study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Quality of life, Treatment, Safety, Efficacy

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis

Interventions

Patients were randomized 1:1 to Cerebrolysin or placebo (0.9% NaCl). An Excel-generated randomization list was used with blocks of 10 patients to account for balancing the sample size.

Patients received intravenous injections of 10 ml Cerebrolysin once a day, 5 days a week for the first month, then 3 days a week for the next 2 months, administered at home by a specialist nurse.

Patients in the placebo group received the same treatment with 10 ml of normal saline.

All patients received 50 mg of riluzole by mouth twice daily.

Clinical assessments of motor and functional deterioration, spasticity and depressive symptoms were made before the start of treatment, at month 1, month 2 and at the end of the treatment period at month 3.

Intervention Type

Drug

Pharmaceutical study type(s)

Clinical efficacy and safety study

Phase

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Cerebrolysin, riluzole

Primary outcome measure

Functional impairment is measured using the Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Functional Rating Scale – revised (ALSFRS-R) at baseline and month 1

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Functional impairment is measured using the Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Functional Rating Scale revised (ALSFRS-R) at baseline to months 2 and 3
- 2. Depressive symptoms are measured using the Beck's Depression Inventory-II (BDI-II) at baseline to months 1, 2, and 3
- 3. Spasticity is measured by the Modified Ashworth Scale (MAS) at baseline to months 1, 2, and 3
- 4. Gross motor skills are measured by the time taken to walk four meters, the walked distance in 120 seconds, and the number of knee bends to the opposite arm at baseline to months 1, 2, and 3
- 5. Hand strength is measured by an handheld dynamometer at baseline to months 1, 2, and 3

Overall study start date

08/07/2020

Completion date

02/06/2022

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Either sex and at least 18 years of age
- 2. Clinically definite diagnosis of ALS according to the El Escorial and revised Airlie House diagnostic criteria
- 3. Limb onset and/or bulbar onset with pyramidal signs
- 4. Modified Ashworth Spasticity Scale score of 3
- 5. Informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

20

Total final enrolment

20

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Co-morbidities such as hepatic disease, renal failure or severe renal impairment, coronary disease, epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, or dementia
- 2. Any condition that might interfere with compliance with study procedures or influence outcome assessment
- 3. Pregnant or breastfeeding
- 4. Participation in another interventional study within the previous 2 months
- 5. Contraindication to Cerebrolysin
- 6. Concomitant use of ginkgo biloba, erythropoietin, citicoline, and amantadine

Date of first enrolment

29/07/2021

Date of final enrolment

10/03/2022

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Argentina

Study participating centre Instituto Cardiológico Banfield

Maipú 660 Buenos Aires Argentina B1828IJN

Sponsor information

Organisation

Instituto Cardiológico Banfield

Sponsor details

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Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.institutocardiologicobanfield.com/

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Instituto Cardiológico Banfield

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

The publication is in the submission process.

Intention to publish date

31/12/2023

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data-sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date