

# An investigation into the relationship between postoperative arm and shoulder mobilisation exercises and the incidence of lymphoedema

<b>Submission date</b> 02/07/2003	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 02/07/2003	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 29/05/2012	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

## Secondary identifying numbers

PRF/02/1

# Study information

### Scientific Title

A randomised comparative trial of two programmes of shoulder exercise following axillary node dissection for invasive breast cancer

### Acronym

LASER (Leeds Axillary Surgery Exercise Research)

### Study objectives

Please note that, as of 19/06/2008, this trial record was extensively amended. Most of the changes can be found in the relevant field. The following changes have also been made:

1. Scientific trial title was added
2. Study hypothesis was added
3. Anticipated end date has been updated from 31/12/2003 to 31/12/2007

### Study hypothesis:

There is a reduced incidence of lymphoedema after post-operative exercise that delays full shoulder mobilisation for one week.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Added as of 19/06/2008: This study was approved by the West Leeds Research Ethics Committee.

### Study design

Randomised comparative trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

Hospital

### Study type(s)

Treatment

### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Breast cancer related lymphoedema

## **Interventions**

Interventions amended as of 19/06/2008:

Intervention group will receive a shoulder mobilisation programme that is characterised by a delayed commencement of full range gleno-humeral exercises following the removal of the axillary drain.

Control group will receive the current standard exercise regimen which commences full range gleno-humeral exercises from the first post-operative day.

Measurements for both groups are pre-operatively and at one year, with structured telephone questionnaires at one week, one month and six months.

Previous interventions:

Intervention group will receive a shoulder mobilisation programme that is characterised by a delayed commencement of full range gleno-humeral exercises following the removal of the axillary drain.

Control group will receive the current standard exercise regimen which commences full range gleno-humeral exercises from the first post-operative day.

Measurements for both groups are pre-operatively, one month, six months and one year.

## **Intervention Type**

Other

## **Phase**

Not Specified

## **Primary outcome measure**

Added as of 19/06/2008:

1. Limb volume using water displacement method

## **Secondary outcome measures**

Added as of 19/06/2008:

1. Range of movement using goniometer
2. Hand grip strength using dynamometer
3. Health related quality of life using FACTB+4, Shoulder Disability Questionnaire

## **Overall study start date**

01/01/2003

## **Completion date**

31/12/2007

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

Patients who are undergoing axillary surgery followed by radiotherapy for unilateral primary breast cancer with axillary node involvement.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Female

**Target number of participants**

Added as of 19/06/2008: 104 participants (52 per group)

**Key exclusion criteria**

Added as of 26/06/2008:

1. Women under eighteen years
2. Existing history of breast cancer
3. Prior axillary surgery or irradiation
4. Pre-existing lymphoedema as measured by a difference in 200 mls between the two arms when measured pre-operatively using the volume displacement method
5. Women requiring full time cognitive or physical care

**Date of first enrolment**

01/01/2003

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2007

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

Lymphoedema Department

Leeds

United Kingdom

LS21 2LY

**Sponsor information****Organisation**

Physiotherapy Research Foundation (UK)

## Sponsor details

The Chartered Society of Physiotherapy  
14 Bedford Row  
London  
United Kingdom  
WC1R 4ED  
+44 (0)20 7306 6601  
attewm@csp.org.uk

## Sponsor type

Charity

## Website

<http://www.csp.org.uk>

## ROR

<https://ror.org/04sn78z72>

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Charity

## Funder Name

Physiotherapy Research Foundation (Ref: PRF/02/1)

# Results and Publications

## Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

## Intention to publish date

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/12/2008		Yes	No