Early or late intervention in high risk non-ST elevation acute coronary syndromes

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registeredProtocol		
22/11/2006				
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
22/11/2006	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
13/12/2016	Circulatory System			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

13407

Study information

Scientific Title

Early or Late Intervention in high risk non-ST elevation Acute coronary syndromes

Acronym

Study objectives

Primary hypothesis:

An immediate invasive approach (immediate angiography and revascularisation when appropriate) results in a reduction of the combined incidence of death, re-infarction or recurrent ischemia at 30 days follow-up.

Secondary hypotheses:

- 1. An immediate invasive approach (immediate angiography and revascularisation when appropriate) results in a reduction of enzymatic infarct size as assessed by a single troponin T measurement at 72 to 96 hours after admission or at discharge.
- 2. An immediate invasive approach (immediate angiography and revascularisation when appropriate) results in a higher percentage of patients without a rise in Creatinine Kinase myocardial bands (CKmb) during hospital admission.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Non ST-Elevation Acute Coronary Syndrome (NSTE-ACS)

Interventions

Immediate angiography and revascularisation reduces compared to delayed angiography not earlier than 48 hours after admission.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome(s)

Combined incidence of death, re-infarction and hospitalisation for recurrent ischemia at 30 days follow-up

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Enzymatic infarct size as assessed by a single cardiac Troponin T, measured at 72 to 96 hours after admission or at discharge
- 2. The percentage of patients without a rise in CKmb during admission

Completion date

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Ischemic Chest Pain or Dyspnoe at rest with last attack less than 24 hours with at least two out of three of the following characteristics:

- 1. Evidence of extensive myocardial ischemia on ElectroCardioGram (ECG): (new) cumulative ST depression more than 5 mm or temporary ST segment elevation in two contiguous leads less than 30 minutes
- 2. Evidence of myocardial damage: positive troponin (more than 0.05 ng/ml) or myoglobin (more than 150 microg/l) on admission or three hours later or positive CKmb fraction on admission (more than 6% of total CK)
- 3. Age above 65 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Senior

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Persistent ST segment elevation
- 2. Absolute contra-indication for diagnostic angiography
- 3. Active bleeding
- 4. Cardiogenic shock
- 5. Acute posterior infarction
- 6. Life expectancy less than one year

Date of first enrolment

01/08/2006

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

Diagram B.V. Zwolle Netherlands 8011 NB

Sponsor information

Organisation

Isala Clinics (Isala klinieken) (Netherlands)

ROR

https://ror.org/046a2wj10

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Diagram B.V., Isala Kliniek

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	20/05/2013	Yes	No
Results article	results	17/11/2016	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025 11/11/2025	No	Yes
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025 11/11/2025	No	Yes