# Investigating the effects of cardio and noncardio exercise on adults with Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
04/05/2020		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
11/05/2020		[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 22/08/2023	Condition category  Mental and Behavioural Disorders	Individual participant data		

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) affects around 3% of adults and is associated with reduced attention, high levels of impulsivity, hyperactivity and altered reward learning. At present, adult ADHD is normally treated with medications (e.g. Ritalin or Adderall) but there are concerns about side effects, abuse potential and they do not work for everyone. It is therefore important to consider alternative approaches. Preliminary research with children suggests exercise may be a suitable intervention but there is a lack of controlled research in all participants and very little research at all in adults. The aim of this study is to see if cardio (cycling) and non-cardio (yoga) exercise are effective at reducing the symptoms of ADHD in adults, both alone and in combination with ADHD medication.

#### Who can participate?

Adults aged 18-35 with:

- 1. No current or previous diagnosis of ADHD
- 2. A current diagnosis of ADHD but not currently receiving any drug treatment for the condition (and have not done so for 6 months)
- 3. A current diagnosis of ADHD and currently receiving and adhering to psychostimulant treatment for the condition

#### What does the study involve?

Participants will first complete a brief online screening survey (<15 minutes). As part of the survey, participants will answer seven questions to determine their fitness to participate. If fit to participate, volunteers will be asked to answer further questions including basic demographic information (e.g. age, gender) and some questions about their typical exercise habits. The final part of the screening survey that all participants will complete includes a question asking them about any current ADHD diagnosis and ADHD symptoms. For those who report a diagnosis of ADHD, details of treatment (e.g. dose, drug) will be required. Finally, participants will be asked to provide an email address so that they can be contacted by the research team to arrange a time to visit the testing laboratory.

On arrival at the testing laboratory, the researcher will take a measure of participants' blood

pressure to confirm fitness to exercise. All participants will be asked to wear a small activity monitoring device, similar to the common 'Fitbit' watches on either their wrist or ankle during testing. Testing will be in two phases – before and after exercise – with the same computerised tests completed in both phases and aim to measure attention, impulsivity and reward learning. Brief descriptions of the tests are given below:

- 1. Test of attention participants will be asked to press a letter on a keyboard to respond to a target stimulus whilst inhibiting responses to non-target stimulus.
- 2. Tests of impulsivity two specific tests will be used to measure impulsivity. In the first test participants will be asked to make choices, using keyboard presses, between hypothetical rewards now or at a point in the future for several different delays e.g. 1 week, 2 weeks, 1 month, 3 months, 6 months and 1 year. In the second test, participants will be shown four decks of cards (labelled A, B, C, and D) and asked to choose 100 times from the decks with two decks giving greater gains and losses.
- 3. Test of reward learning participants will be presented with one of two stimuli and asked to make a keyboard response. Shortly after the initial stimulus is presented a second stimulus will be shown, for which there are two options, one symbolic of a reward. During this task, the researchers will track participants' eye movements.

After completion of these tasks participants will be asked to either cycle with moderate intensity on an exercise bike for 10 minutes or follow an instructional yoga video for the same period. Following this, the above tasks will be completed for the second time. Participants with ADHD will also be asked to fill in a few brief medication adherence questions on a computer. In total testing should take around 2 hours and will take place in the Psychology Department at King's College London.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The data collected will provide valuable information about the effectiveness of exercise in treating ADHD and therefore has the potential to be beneficial to patients with the condition in the future. There are no direct benefits to participants for participating in this study, although those who attend and complete laboratory testing will receive an Amazon voucher as a 'thank you'. Only participants who are deemed physically fit enough to participate will be eligible to take part and therefore, the researchers don't anticipate any specific risks in taking part in the exercise. They will be also be asking about symptoms of ADHD and use of medication, where appropriate. These questions are first asked during the screening survey and it is clear this information is required in the information sheet so it is hoped that participants choosing to participate in the study will be comfortable sharing this information. If they do not, they can withdraw at any point.

Where is the study run from? King's College London (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2018 to July 2022

Who is funding the study? Rosetrees Trust (UK)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Eleanor Dommett
eleanor.dommett@kcl.ac.uk

# **Contact information**

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Eleanor Jane Dommett

#### **ORCID ID**

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6973-8762

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

#### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

#### Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

279417

# ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

#### Protocol serial number

CPMS 45510, IRAS 279417

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Investigating the effects of cardio and non-cardio exercise on adults with Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD): a randomized controlled trial

# Study objectives

#### Aims:

- 1. To assess and compare the impact of acute cardio and non-cardio exercise on core symptoms of ADHD and key-related behaviour in unmedicated adults with ADHD in comparison to healthy control participants to establish the effectiveness of exercise as a standalone treatment for the condition.
- 2. To assess and compare the impact of acute cardio and non-cardio exercise on core symptoms of ADHD and key-related behaviour in medicated adults with ADHD in comparison to unmedicated adults with ADHD to establish the effectiveness of exercise as an adjunct treatment for ADHD.

#### **Hypotheses:**

- 1. There will be a significant effect of cardio and non-cardio exercise on core symptoms and impairments found in ADHD.
- 2. There will be a difference in the extent of the effect of exercise on core symptoms and impairments found in ADHD according to whether individuals are receiving medication.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 10/04/2020, North of Scotland Research Ethics Service (Summerfield House, 2 Eday Road, Aberdeen, AB15 6RE, UK; +44 (0)1224 558458; nosres@nhs.net), REC ref: 20/NS/0053

#### Study design

Randomized; Both; Design type: Treatment, Physical, Active Monitoring, Case-controlled study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)

#### **Interventions**

Participants will first complete a brief online screening survey (<15 minutes). As part of the survey, participants will answer seven questions to determine their fitness to participate. If fit to participate, volunteers will be asked to answer further questions including basic demographic information (e.g. age, gender) and some questions about their typical exercise habits. The final part of the screening survey that all participants will complete includes a question asking them about any current ADHD diagnosis and the Adult ADHD Self-Report Scale, a short survey assessing ADHD symptomology. For those who report a diagnosis of ADHD, details of treatment (e.g. dose, drug) will be required. Finally, participants will be asked to provide an email address so that they can be contacted by the research team to arrange a time to visit the testing laboratory.

On arrival at the testing laboratory, the researcher will take a measure of participants' blood pressure to confirm fitness to exercise. All participants will be asked to wear a small activity monitoring device, similar to the common 'Fitbit' watches on either their wrist or ankle during testing. Testing will be in two phases - before and after exercise – with the same computerised tests completed in both phases and aim to measure attention, impulsivity and reward learning.

#### Brief descriptions of the tests are given below:

- 1. Test of attention participants will be asked to press a letter on a keyboard to respond to a target stimulus whilst inhibiting responses to non-target stimulus.
- 2. Tests of impulsivity two specific tests will be used to measure impulsivity. In the first test participants will be asked to make choices, using keyboard presses, between hypothetical rewards now or at a point in the future for several different delays e.g. 1 week, 2 weeks, 1 month, 3 months, 6 months and 1 year. In the second test, participants will be shown 4 decks of cards (labelled A, B, C, and D) and asked to choose 100 times from the decks with two decks

giving greater gains and losses.

3. Test of reward learning – participants will be presented with one of two stimuli and asked to make a keyboard response. Shortly after the initial stimulus is presented a second stimulus will be shown, for which there are two options, one symbolic of a reward. During this task, the researchers will track participants' eye movements.

After completion of these tasks participants will be asked to either cycle with moderate intensity on an exercise bike for 10 minutes or follow an instructional yoga video for the same period. Following this, the above tasks will be completed for the second time. Participants with ADHD will also be asked to fill in a few brief medication adherence questions on a computer. In total testing should take around 2 hours and will take place in the Psychology Department at King's College London.

#### Intervention Type

Behavioural

#### Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Attention measured using the computerised Test of Variable of Attention (TOVA) task (omission errors, accuracy, reaction time) before exercise and after exercise during the single two-hour testing session required
- 2. Motor impulsivity measured using the computerised Test of Variable of Attention (TOVA) task (commission errors) before exercise and after exercise during the single two-hour testing session required
- 3. Temporal impulsivity measured using the computerised Delay Discounting Task (indifference point, discounting function) before exercise and after exercise during the single two-hour testing session required
- 4. Cognitive impulsivity measured using the computerised Iowa Gambling Task (proportion of risky decisions) before exercise and after exercise during the single two-hour testing session required
- 5. Hyperactivity measured through actiography (movement in non-dominant wrist) before exercise and after exercise during the single two-hour testing session required

# Key secondary outcome(s))

Associative reward learning measured using a computerised Pavlovian conditioning task during eye tracking (reaction time, gaze position) before exercise and after exercise during the single two-hour testing session required

# Completion date

31/07/2022

# Eligibility

# Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Adults aged 18-35 years
- 2. Fit enough to undertake cardio or non-cardio exercise for 12 minutes
- 3. Free from any physical, neurological or psychiatric conditions (besides Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder for the patient groups) and learning disorders/disabilities

Participants will fall into one of the following categories in order to be eligible for the study:

- 1. No current or previous diagnosis of ADHD
- 2. Current diagnosis of ADHD but not currently receiving any drug treatment for the condition

(and have not done so for 6 months)

3. Current diagnosis of ADHD and currently receiving psychostimulant drug treatment for the condition.

# Participant type(s)

Mixed

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

# Age group

Adult

# Lower age limit

18 years

# Upper age limit

35 years

#### Sex

Αll

# Total final enrolment

159

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Diagnosis of a psychiatric or neurological disorder
- 2. Learning disability
- 3. Currently pregnant or breastfeeding
- 4. Medication adherence <70%
- 5. Currently receiving non-stimulant medication for ADHD
- 6. Not fit enough to safely sustain physical activity for 12 minutes
- 7. Blood pressure > 140/90mmHg on the day of the lab visit

#### Date of first enrolment

16/09/2019

#### Date of final enrolment

20/07/2022

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

# Study participating centre

# King's College London

Department of Psychology Addison House Guy's Campus London United Kingdom SE1 1UL

# Study participating centre South London And Maudsley NHS Foundation Trust

Maudsley Hospital Denmark Hill London United Kingdom SE5 8AZ

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

King's College London

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/0220mzb33

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Charity

#### **Funder Name**

Rosetrees Trust, M875

#### Alternative Name(s)

Teresa Rosenbaum Golden Charitable Trust, Rosetrees

#### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

# **Funding Body Subtype**

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

#### Location

# **Results and Publications**

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The anonymised datasets generated and analysed during the current study will be stored, for at least 4 years, in a publicly available repository (King's Research Data Management system) from when the results of the study are published. All datasets will be available in easily accessible formats (e.g. csv) and accompanied by published metadata with a unique DOI. The availability of data via a public repository is explicitly stated in the Participant Information Sheet and participants must confirm that they have read and understood this as part of the consent procedures.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		02/02/2023	28/04/2023	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Participant information sheet	version V1	30/03/2020	11/05/2020	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Protocol file	version V1	30/03/2020	11/05/2020	No	No