The effects of a colorectal cancer screening programme for average-risk older Chinese adults

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
04/08/2022		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
09/08/2022	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
05/12/2023	Cancer			

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Colorectal cancer screening can help early detection of cancer. Motivational interviewing could be a strategy to increase people's intention and action toward screening. This study aims to estimate the feasibility and acceptability of the intervention and the preliminary estimation of its effect on screening intention and uptake, knowledge and health beliefs of participants.

Who can participate?

People aged between 50-75 years old without a history of colorectal cancer

What does the study involve?

The intervention group receive a motivational interviewing session

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The potential benefits are that the participants may be motivated and have higher self-efficacy to obtain colorectal cancer screening. There are no risks involved in participation.

Where is the study run from?

The Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council (NAAC) (Hong Kong)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? November 2021 to March 2022

Who is funding the study? Investigator-initiated and funded (Hong Kong)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Dorothy Chan (Hong Kong)
dorothycns@cuhk.edu.hk

Contact information

Type(s)

Principal Investigator

Contact name

Dr Dorothy Chan

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

21.0205

Study information

Scientific Title

Effects of a motivation-based, technology-enhanced colorectal cancer screening programme for average-risk older Chinese adults: An exploratory study

Study objectives

Participants who receive motivational interview sessions and information about access to screening will have colorectal cancer screening uptake

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 27/10/2021, The Chinese University of Hong Kong Survey and Behavioral Research Ethics Committee (G/F, Basic Medical Science Building; telephone not available; email not available), ref: SBRE-21-0205

Study design

Exploratory pilot randomized controlled study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Community

Study type(s)

Screening

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Prevention of colorectal cancer

Interventions

Block randomisation with varying block sizes (6, 8,10 and 12) was used to optimise allocation concealment and maintain a good balance between groups throughout the subject recruitment period when eligible participants were randomly allocated into either the intervention group or the control group. The assignments to the intervention or control groups were sealed in opaque envelopes. The sequentially numbered, opaque, sealed envelopes were given to the participants in the sequence in which they enter the study.

The intervention group participants receive two sessions of motivational interviewing during the first 2 weeks (once per week, 1 h each), either onsite or through a real-time online Zoom meeting. One week after completing the motivational interviewing sessions, the interventionist will send interactive messages or phone calls to review the screening status of the participants. Participants will be encouraged to undergo screening and be provided with appropriate logistical support regarding the screening workflow (e.g., registration for the electronic health record sharing system, navigating and scheduling appointments). The control group participants receive the usual care and a fact sheet about CRC prevention.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome measure

Faecal occult blood testing (FOBT)-based colorectal cancer screening uptake measured by checking the original receipt of attendance at 3 months since recruitment

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Perceived barriers to screening measured using a questionnaire and after completion of the intervention
- 2. Perceived benefits of screening measured using a questionnaire and after completion of the intervention
- 3. Perceived self-efficacy of screening measured using a questionnaire and after completion of the intervention

- 4. Screening intention measured using a questionnaire and after completion of the intervention
- 5. Knowledge of colorectal cancer and screening measured using a questionnaire and after completion of the intervention

Overall study start date

01/11/2021

Completion date

31/03/2022

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Age between 50 and 75 years old
- 2. No history of colorectal cancer and did not have a faecal immunochemical test (FIT) in the past 2 years or colonoscopy in the past 10 years

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

40

Total final enrolment

40

Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

01/11/2021

Date of final enrolment

31/03/2022

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Hong Kong

Study participating centre

The Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council (NAAC)

Unit 4
Level 3
Community Recreation Building
Shan King Estate
Tuen Mun
Hong Kong
852

Sponsor information

Organisation

Chinese University of Hong Kong

Sponsor details

Central Avenue Shatin Hong Kong None available ++852 39437000 dorothycns@cuhk.edu.hk

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

http://www.cuhk.edu.hk/english/index.html

ROR

https://ror.org/00t33hh48

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator-initiated and funded

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

- 1. Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal
- 2. The results will be disseminated at conferences

Intention to publish date

31/12/2022

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available without consent from participants

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		12/10/2023	05/12/2023	Yes	No