

# Effect of photofunctionalization of dental implants on implants stability at an early stage of healing

<b>Submission date</b>	<b>Recruitment status</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
17/01/2025	No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b>	<b>Overall study status</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
20/01/2025	Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b>	<b>Condition category</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
20/01/2025	Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Despite the high success rate of treatment with dental implants, the long healing period, especially in poor-quality bone, remains one of the most important limitations of its use. Therefore, efforts continue to reduce this time by improving the surface characteristics of the implant using various physical and chemical methods. UV photofunctionalization is defined as one of the methods of modifying the surface of titanium after UV treatment, including changes in physicochemical properties and improvement of biological features.

### Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years old and over with bilateral edentulous area in the maxilla

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The possible benefits of using photofunctionalization of dental implant surfaces are to gain more implant stability in the early stage of the healing and accelerate osseointegration. However, the possible risks of participating may be related to the stress on the implants which may happen during measuring the implant stability using a dental device.

### Where is the study run from?

Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Hospital, Faculty of Dentistry, Damascus University

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

December 2021 to December 2024

### Who is the funding of the study?

Investigator initiated and funded

### Who is the main contact?

Dr Mohammad Kattaa, Mohammed.katta96@gmail.com

## Contact information

**Type(s)**

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

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## Additional identifiers

**Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)**

Nil Known

**ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)**

Nil Known

**Protocol serial number**

Nil Known

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

# Effect the photofunctionalization on early osseointegration and Implant Stability of titanium dental implants in the maxillary

## Study objectives

The null hypothesis was that no significant difference exists between the UV-treated and non-treated implants in terms of implant stability in the maxilla

## Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

## Ethics approval(s)

approved 02/02/2024, Damascus University (Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Department, Faculty of Dental Medicine, Damascus University, Damascus, 4671, Syria; +96 11 33923011; verification. drcr@damascusuniversity.edu.sy), ref: DN-020624-237

## Study design

Double-blind randomized controlled clinical trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Quality of life, Treatment, Efficacy

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Improving the stability of the dental implants in the poor quality bone

## Interventions

This study is a randomized controlled trial, including 2 groups of implants which will be placed in the same patients - the control group will receive conventional commercial implants, and the experimental group will receive UV-irradiated implants. Implants will be randomized into 2 groups using <http://www.randomizer.org/>.

The follow-up for each patient is 3 months with 4 visits for each patient :

1. 2 weeks postoperative
2. 4 weeks postoperative
3. 8 weeks postoperative
4. 12 weeks postoperative

## Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

## Primary outcome(s)

Implant stability measured using the Mega ISQ Implant Stability Meter at 5 endpoints: (T0) immediately after surgery, (T1) 2 weeks, (T2) 4 weeks, (T3) 8 weeks, and (T4) 12 weeks

## Key secondary outcome(s)

Insertion torque measured using a Torque Ratchet immediately after surgery for all implants

## Completion date

19/12/2024

## Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

1. Patients with sufficient residual bone for conventional implant placement
2. Patients with bilateral Edentulous area in the maxilla
3. Patients displaying compliance with oral healthcare instructions and necessary visits

### Participant type(s)

Patient

### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

### Age group

Adult

### Lower age limit

18 years

### Upper age limit

65 years

### Sex

All

### Total final enrolment

13

### Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients having undergone radiotherapy or with diseases such as osteoporosis that are a contraindication to implant placement
2. Patients with inadequate bone height and width available for implant placement and requiring horizontal or vertical bone augmentation
3. Medically compromised patients with systemic conditions that can impede implant stability and influence the treatment outcome

### Date of first enrolment

01/02/2023

### Date of final enrolment

01/02/2024

## Locations

### Countries of recruitment

Syria

**Study participating centre**

Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Hospital, Faculty of Dentistry, Damascus University  
Mazzeh Highway  
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## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

Damascus University

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/03m098d13>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Other

**Funder Name**

Investigator initiated and funded

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes