# Gentamicin, genetic variation and deafness in preterm children

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
19/12/2013	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
18/02/2014	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
28/05/2019	Ear, Nose and Throat	<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Acquired hearing loss is a hearing loss that appears after birth. It occurs ten times more often in infants born before 32 weeks of gestation (very preterm). There are several possible causes, including the side effects of some regularly used medications on neonatal units, such as aminoglycosides. These are known to have effects on the hearing system but, despite being at high risk of receiving aminoglycosides, there is little evidence for drug-induced damage to the inner ear in preterm children. The risk of hearing loss may be increased further in babies with the DNA mutation m.1555A>G. Patients with this mutation who receive aminoglycosides suffer from hearing loss even when drug levels are maintained within normal limits; this effect may be reduced in the newborn period, but this has not been formally studied. The aim of this study is to look at the relationship between the m.1555A>G mutation, aminoglycosides and deafness in children born very prematurely.

#### Who can participate?

Deaf children and children with normal hearing who were born at 31 weeks and 6 days of gestation or less

#### What does the study involve?

Saliva samples are taken from children in both groups for genetic analysis of m.1555A>G. Clinical data including information on aminoglycoside exposure is taken from medical notes.

#### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The main benefit to participants with deafness is the opportunity to find the cause of their hearing loss. If the child has the mutation, it is likely that this is the cause. There is little benefit for participants who have normal hearing, but if they test positive for the mutation they are advised to avoid aminoglycoside antibiotics in the future to prevent the risk of hearing loss. There are no anticipated risks for participants, although children could be nervous about having a saliva sample taken.

Where is the study run from? University College London (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2013 to January 2016

Who is funding the study? Action on Hearing Loss (UK)

Who is the main contact?

- 1. Prof. Maria Bitner-Glindzicz (maria.bitner@ucl.ac.uk)
- 2. Prof. Neil Marlow (n.marlow@ucl.ac.uk)

#### Study website

http://www.ucl.ac.uk/mitogent

# Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Maria Bitner-Glindzicz

#### **ORCID ID**

http://orcid.org/0000-0003-4639-8336

#### Contact details

30 Guilford Street London United Kingdom WC1N 1EH

# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

**ISRCTNRNIDG47** 

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Gentamicin, genetic variation and deafness in preterm children: a case-control study

#### **Acronym**

MitoGent

## **Study objectives**

The hypothesis is that mutation (m.1555A>G) makes a significant contribution to deafness in babies born at 31 weeks and 6 days of gestation or less who receive treatment with aminoglycosides, even when drug levels were within the normal range.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

NRES Ethics Committee London - Central, 02/02/2012, ref: 12/LO/0005

#### Study design

Case-control study

#### Primary study design

Observational

#### Secondary study design

Case-control study

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Screening

#### Participant information sheet

http://www.ucl.ac.uk/mitogent/documents

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Hearing loss in preterm infants

#### **Interventions**

This is an observational study which will only involve saliva samples and access to medical notes. Children with hearing loss will be invited to participate by their audiological paediatrician; expreterm children with normal hearing will be invited by their neonatologist. Saliva samples will be taken from children in both groups for genetic analysis of m.1555A>G. Clinical data including information on aminoglycoside exposure will be abstracted from medical notes.

## Intervention Type

Other

# Primary outcome measure

Prevalence of the m.1555A>G mutation, measured using saliva samples tested for the mutation by direct DNA sequencing

# Secondary outcome measures

Gentamicin administration, measured using data from medical notes

# Overall study start date

27/01/2013

### Completion date

27/01/2016

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Cases: babies born at 31 weeks and 6 days gestational age or less with hearing loss, treated on a neonatal unit within Greater London between 01/01/2009 - 31/12/2013 Controls: babies born at 31 weeks and 6 days gestational age or less with normal hearing, treated on a neonatal unit within Greater London between 01/01/2009 - 31/12/2013

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Neonate

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

30 - 60 deaf children and 5 controls per deaf baby/child. Total 150-300 children

#### Key exclusion criteria

Cases: no exclusion criteria

Controls: missing data in medication records

#### Date of first enrolment

27/01/2013

#### Date of final enrolment

27/01/2016

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

# Study participating centre University College London - Institute of Child Health London

United Kingdom WC1N 1EH

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

University College London - Institute of Child Health (UK)

#### Sponsor details

30 Guilford Street London England United Kingdom WC1N 1EH

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/02jx3x895

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Charity

#### **Funder Name**

Action on Hearing Loss (UK) (ref: RNID G47)

#### Alternative Name(s)

### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

## **Funding Body Subtype**

Other non-profit organizations

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

The trialists intend to publish in 2017.

# Intention to publish date

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The current data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date