

Fixed-time chlorazepate dipotassium premedication versus midazolam on demand: a randomised, controlled trial

Submission date 13/12/2006	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 13/02/2007	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 26/03/2021	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Fixed-time chlorazepate dipotassium premedication versus midazolam on demand: a randomised, controlled trial

Acronym

premedication

Study objectives

We hypothesised that:

1. 50 mg chlorazepate dipotassium at 10 pm evening before surgery prevent an increase of anxiety and sympatho-adrenal activity at morning of surgery sufficiently, and
2. A fixed-time application of chlorazepate dipotassium at 7 am morning of surgery may be superior compared to administration of midazolam 30 minutes prior to induction of anesthesia with respect to level of anxiety, sympatho-adrenal activity and conscious sedation.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The trial was approved by the local ethics committee of the University Kiel on the 3rd April 2002 (reference number: AZ 142/01).

Study design

Randomised double-blind placebo-controlled study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Premedication, Anaesthesia

Interventions

Patients were randomised to one of two groups:

1. Group CCP: at Evening Before Surgery (EBS) clorazepate dipotassium 50 mg orally (Tranxilium®; Sanofi-Aventis GmbH, Frankfurt am Main, Germany); at Morning Of Surgery (MOS)

clorazepate dipotassium 25 mg orally; and before Induction of Anesthesia (AI) placebo orally
2. Group CPM: at EBS clorazepate dipotassium 50 mg orally; at MOS placebo orally; before AI midazolam 7.5 mg orally (Dormicum®; Roche, Mijdrecht, The Netherlands)

Dosages of clorazepate dipotassium in our study were based on recommendations that have been published previously.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Chlorazepate dipotassium and midazolam

Primary outcome measure

1. Level of anxiety
2. Sympatho-adrenal activity (plasma levels of Adrenocorticotrophic Hormone [ACTH], cortisol, norepinephrine and epinephrine)

Secondary outcome measures

1. Haemodynamic data
2. Oxygen saturation
3. Conscious sedation
4. Bispectral index

Overall study start date

01/05/2003

Completion date

01/10/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Patients with an American Society of Anaesthesiologists (ASA) physical status of one or two
2. Aged between 18 and 55 years
3. Weighing from 60 to 88 kg
4. Scheduled to undergo an elective surgical, orthopaedic or urologic procedure in general anesthesia

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

50

Total final enrolment

50

Key exclusion criteria

1. Sleep apnoea syndrome
2. Pregnancy
3. Use of sedative, stimulant, or other medications within the previous month
4. The presence of neurological, renal, or hepatic disease

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2003

Date of final enrolment

01/10/2004

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Germany

Study participating centre

University Hospital Schleswig-Holstein

Kiel

Germany

24105

Sponsor information**Organisation**

University Hospital Schleswig-Holstein (Germany)

Sponsor details

Campus Kiel

Department of Anaesthesiology and Intensive Care Medicine

Schwanenweg 21

Kiel

Germany

24105

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

<https://ror.org/01tvm6f46>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

University Hospital Schleswig-Holstein (Germany)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		01/09/2007	26/03/2021	Yes	No