Early Pandemic Evaluation and Enhanced Surveillance of the coronavirus COVID-19 (EAVE II)

| Submission date | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | Prospectively registered | | |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| 10/08/2020 | | [X] Protocol | | |
| Registration date 17/11/2020 | Overall study status Completed | Statistical analysis plan | | |
| | | [X] Results | | |
| Last Edited 26/05/2022 | Condition category Infections and Infestations | Individual participant data | | |

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Following the emergence of the novel severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) in December 2019 and the ensuing COVID-19 pandemic, population-level surveillance and rapid assessment of the effectiveness and safety of existing or new therapeutic or preventive interventions is needed to ensure that interventions are targeted to those at highest risk of serious illness or death from COVID-19. We aim to determine the attack rate of SARS-CoV-2, the uptake, and effectiveness of any new pandemic vaccine (once available) and any protective effect conferred by existing or new antimicrobial drugs and other therapies.

Who can participate?

The setting for this project will be approximately all general practices based throughout Scotland, these practices have about 5,400,000 people registered with them and will be included in the project.

What does the study involve?

Data from the general practices will be linked to data from related healthcare appointments, blood tests, and virus tests to create an anonymised national dataset that will allow estimates of attack rate and vaccine or antiviral effectiveness and safety.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The will be no risks and no direct benefit to patients, rather this project will help inform policymakers, clinicians and the public on the progress of the epidemic and the relative benefits of any public interventions deployed such as antiviral medicines or vaccines.

Where is the study run from?

The project is being jointly led by Public Health Scotland and the Universities of Edinburgh, Strathclyde, Aberdeen, St Andrews and Glasgow (UK).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? From 2020 to September 2021.

Who is funding the study? The project is funded by the Medical Research Council (MR/R008345/1) and supported by the Scottish Government (UK).

Who is the main contact? Professor Aziz Sheikh aziz.sheikh@ed.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Aziz Sheikh

ORCID ID

http://orcid.org/0000-0001-7022-3056

Contact details

The University of Edinburgh Usher Institute Medical School Teviot Place Edinburgh United Kingdom EH8 9AG +44 (0)131 651 4151 aziz.sheikh@ed.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

114474

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

IRAS 114474

Study information

Scientific Title

Early Pandemic Evaluation and Enhanced Surveillance of COVID-19 (EAVE II): an observational study using linked Scottish national data

Acronym

EAVE II

Study objectives

To describe the epidemiology of COVID-19 in Scotland using linked routine sources of primary, secondary, mortality, and virological/serological testing data, and in due course, to help establish the effectiveness and safety of existing or new therapeutic interventions against the coronavirus that are not subjected to formal clinical trials.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 08/07/2020, South East Scotland Research Ethics Committee 02 (Waverley Gate 2-4, Waterloo Place, Edinburgh, EH1 3EG UK; +44 (0)131 536 900; Joyce.Clearie@nhslothian.scot.nhs. uk), ref: 12\SS\0201

Study design

Prospective observational cohort study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cohort study

Study setting(s)

GP practice

Study type(s)

Other

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2 infection)

Interventions

This is an observational study, no intervention will be given to patients. Any vaccine programmes implemented in Scotland will be assessed for effectiveness. The study will assess these vaccine programmes using linked routine sources of primary, secondary, mortality, and virological /serological testing data from approximately 5.4million individuals registered with a primary care practice across Scotland. A national linked dataset of patient-level primary care data, out-of-hours, hospitalisation, mortality and laboratory data will be assembled. Self-controlled study designs will be explored to estimate the risk of therapeutic and prophylactic-related adverse events.

Intervention Type

Biological/Vaccine

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Vaccine programmes implemented in Scotland

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Laboratory confirmed SARS-CoV-2 measured using virological/serological tests between baseline and 9 months
- 2. Serum from blood samples taken from biochemistry tests (or rapid antibody tests if available) will be used to determine exposure to SARS-CoV-2 infection by the presence of antibodies between baseline and 9 months
- 3. SARS-CoV-2 infection-related clinical outcomes including general practice, COVID-19 centres and out-of-hours consultations, hospital admissions including secondary bacterial infections and multidrug-resistant bacteria associated with these infections, emergency admissions, out of hours consultations, and deaths between baseline and 9 months

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Vaccine uptake proportions measured using primary care practice and hospital data between baseline and 18 months
- 2. Prevention and reduction of SARS-CoV-2 infection-related general practice consultations, hospital admissions including secondary bacterial infections, emergency admissions, out of hours consultations and deaths due to therapies, vaccines, and antimicrobials between baseline and 18 months
- 3. Adverse events related to therapies, for example, vaccine, antimicrobial administration, or other therapies measured using participant data between baseline and 18 months

Overall study start date

01/03/2020

Completion date

30/09/2021

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

All (anonymised) patient data will be collected

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

All

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

5,400,000

Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2020

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2020

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Scotland

United Kingdom

Study participating centre The University of Edinburgh

Usher Institute
Old Medical School
Teviot Place
Edinburgh
United Kingdom
EH8 9AG

Sponsor information

Organisation

Academic and Clinical Centre Office for Research and Development (ACCORD) (UK)

Sponsor details

c/o Raymond French
The Queen's Medical Research Institute
47 Little France Crescent
Edinburgh
United Kingdom
EH16 4TJ
+44 (0)131 242 6226
ray.french@ed.ac.uk

Sponsor type

Research organisation

Website

https://www.ed.ac.uk/

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Medical Research Council

Alternative Name(s)

Medical Research Council (United Kingdom), UK Medical Research Council, MRC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal. Protocol can be found at: https://bmjopen.bmj.com/content/10/6/e039097.

Intention to publish date

30/09/2022

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available due to public benefit and privacy approvals that state only aggregate data can be published from this project

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|------------------|---------------------------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Protocol article | protocol published at: | 21/06/2020 | | Yes | No |
| Preprint results | non-peer-reviewed results | 19/02/2021 | 23/03/2021 | No | No |

<u>Results article</u> 01/05/2022 26/05/2022 Yes No