

# Metoclopramide for avoiding pneumonia after stroke

<b>Submission date</b> 25/05/2021	<b>Recruitment status</b> Recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 17/06/2021	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 18/10/2024	<b>Condition category</b> Digestive System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Stroke is the fourth most common cause of death in the UK. Despite great progress over the last 20 years, the only treatments shown to reduce the death rate are admission to a specialist stroke unit, prevention of blood clots by intermittent pneumatic leg compression, and surgery for brain swelling. Pneumonia is the most common cause of death after stroke and, even if not fatal, weakens the patient and delays recovery. Patients with a stroke often lose the ability to swallow safely. This can lead to food and drink spilling into the lungs. Stroke patients with swallowing problems are therefore at high risk of pneumonia.

When stroke patients are turned in bed, moved, or even when just resting in bed, they often vomit and inhale the contents of the mouth and/or stomach into the lungs. This is the most common cause of pneumonia after stroke. In a small pilot study conducted in a single hospital the researchers were able to show that metoclopramide, an anti-sickness drug, prevents pneumonia in patients with severe stroke when given regularly in the first 2 weeks. The aim of this study is to confirm this finding in a wider range of hospitals and to establish whether this can also reduce the number of patients who die from stroke.

This study will test whether metoclopramide, given early after stroke onset and continued for 2 weeks, is better than sham control (dummy treatment) for preventing pneumonia and death after stroke.

### Who can participate?

Adult patients admitted to hospital with moderate to severe acute stroke and dysphagia within 9 hours of symptom onset

### What does the study involve?

The duration of each participant's involvement in the study will be 6 months. Participants are allocated randomly to be treated with metoclopramide hydrochloride or a normal saline solution through a vein or tube into the nose (nasogastric tube) three times a day for 14 days or until discharge into the community, if this is before 14 days. For each patient, a daily log of whether they have signs or symptoms of pneumonia and if they have any side effects will be recorded for 2 weeks. A neurological assessment, to see how the patient is recovering from their stroke, will be made on day 14. After 6 months, the patient or their carer will be telephoned by a member of the study team to assess their level of disability (if any), their quality of life, whether they still

have problems swallowing, if they are still in hospital or, if not, where they are living. A health economic analysis will be done to look at potential cost savings as a result of shorter hospital stays and fewer re-admissions.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no expected benefits. If the treatment is effective, it might prevent pneumonia and reduce the risk of death, but this is not guaranteed.

Where is the study run from?

University of Nottingham (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

February 2021 to May 2027

Who is funding the study?

National Institute for Health and Care Research (NIHR) Health Technology Assessment (HTA) (UK).

Who is the main contact?

Christine Roffe

christine.roffe@uhnm.nhs.uk

### **Study website**

<https://stroke.nottingham.ac.uk/maps-2/>

## **Contact information**

### **Type(s)**

Scientific

### **Contact name**

Prof Christine Roffe

### **ORCID ID**

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### **Contact details**

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United Kingdom

CW12 4AN

+44 (0)7740 372852

christine.roffe@uhnm.nhs.uk

### **Type(s)**

Public

### **Contact name**

Prof Christine Roffe

### **Contact details**

Clinical Neuroscience  
University of Nottingham  
Queen's Medical Centre  
Derby Road  
Nottingham  
United Kingdom  
NG7 2UH  
+44 (0)7740 372852  
ms-maps-2@exmail.nottingham.ac.uk

## **Additional identifiers**

**EudraCT/CTIS number**  
2021-003853-40

**IRAS number**  
290474

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**  
Nil known

**Secondary identifying numbers**  
HTA - NIHR130689, IRAS 290474

## **Study information**

### **Scientific Title**

The Metoclopramide for Avoiding Pneumonia after Stroke (MAPS-2) trial: a single-blind, randomized controlled trial of metoclopramide for the prevention of pneumonia in patients with dysphagia after an acute stroke

**Acronym**  
MAPS-2

### **Study objectives**

Pneumonia is a major cause of death after stroke. It is most commonly caused by aspiration of vomited or regurgitated gastric contents. Prevention of regurgitation and vomiting by regular administration of an antiemetic (metoclopramide) could improve outcomes by prevention of pneumonia. the hypothesis to be tested in this study is that metoclopramide, started early after symptom onset and continued for 14 days will reduce mortality and prevent pneumonia after stroke.

**Ethics approval required**  
Ethics approval required

### **Ethics approval(s)**

Approved 17/11/2021, East Midlands – Nottingham 2 Research Ethics Committee (Equinox House, City Link, Nottingham, NG2 4LA, United Kingdom; +44 207 10148051; nottingham2.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 21/EM/0246

**Study design**

Multicentre phase III participant-blinded parallel two-arm randomized sham-controlled trial with an internal pilot

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Secondary study design**

Randomised controlled trial

**Study setting(s)**

Hospital

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Participant information sheet**

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Prevention of pneumonia caused by dysphagia after an acute stroke

**Interventions**

Participants will be individually randomized 1:1 via a web-based interface to metoclopramide or sham control by minimization using NIH Stroke Scale/Score (NIHSS), age, modified Rankin score (mRS), time from stroke onset, and type of trial centre as factors. The trial will be single-blind with blinded assessment of primary outcome.

Intervention: Metoclopramide hydrochloride (5mg per 1ml solution for injection) 2 ml (10 mg) to be given iv or via nasogastric tube three times a day for 14 days or until discharge into the community, if this is before 14 days. Reduce dose to 1 ml (5 mg) if bodyweight <60 kg.

Control: Sodium chloride (0.9% solution for injection) 2 ml to be given iv or via nasogastric tube three times a day for 14 days or until discharge into the community, if this is before 14 days. Reduce dose to 1 ml if bodyweight <60 kg.

For each patient, a daily log of whether they have signs or symptoms of pneumonia and if they have any side effects will be recorded for 2 weeks. A neurological assessment, to see how the patient is recovering from their stroke, will be made on day 14. After 6 months, the patient or their carer will be telephoned by a member of the study team to assess: their level of disability (if any); their quality of life; whether they still have problems swallowing; if they are still in hospital or, if not, where they are living. A health economic analysis will be done to look at potential cost savings as a result of shorter hospital stays and fewer re-admissions. Health economic outcomes are:

1. Cost per death avoided over 6 months
2. Cost per quality-adjusted life-year (QALY) gained over 6 months
3. Cost per QALY gained over patient lifetime

**Intervention Type**

Drug

## Phase

Phase III

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Metoclopramide

## Primary outcome measure

All-cause mortality by 6 months (time-to-event), ascertained by contacting the general practitioner in the first instance. Missing data will be completed with the team who recruited the patient and via linkage with Hospital Episode Statistics and The Office of National Statistics.

## Secondary outcome measures

1. Development of pneumonia, diagnosed by the clinical care team and retrieved from medical notes at 14 days
2. Development of pneumonia specifically attributed to the stroke event (diagnosis based on standard criteria determined by the Stroke Consensus group published in 2015) retrieved from daily clinical log at 14 days
3. Antibiotic treatment, measured as the number of days on treatment, retrieved from medical notes and drug charts at 14 days
4. Difficulty in swallowing measured using the standard Dysphagia Severity Rating Scale Score (DSRS) at 14 days and 6 months
5. Severity of stroke assessed by the NIH Stroke Score at baseline and 14 days
6. Quality of life assessed by the EuroQol EQ-5D questionnaire at 14 days and 6 months
7. Degree of disability evaluated by an ordinal shift in the modified Rankin score (mRS) at 6 months
8. Vulnerability to poor health outcomes assessed by Clinical Frailty Scale index at 6 months
9. Home time, defined as the number of days spent at home rather than hospitalised, at 6 months

## Overall study start date

01/02/2021

## Completion date

31/05/2027

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

Current inclusion criteria as of 04/04/2024:

1. Adults (18 years and over) with a clinical diagnosis of acute stroke (WHO definition excluding duration)
2. Within 24 hours of symptom onset (in wake-up stroke the onset is defined as the time the patient awoke or was found unless this is more than 12 h from last known well)
3. One of the two below criteria:
  - 3a. Moderate to severe neurological impairment (NIH Stroke Scale/Score (NIHSS)  $\geq 10$ ) OR
  - 3b. Dysphagia and NIHSS  $\geq 6$ , unable to take normal unmodified oral diet or fluids because:
    - i) Too drowsy to be assessed formally or
    - ii) Failed bedside assessment of swallowing

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Previous inclusion criteria as of 14/03/2023:

1. Adults (18 years and over) with a clinical diagnosis of acute stroke (WHO definition excluding duration)
2. Within 24 hours of symptom onset (in wake-up stroke the onset is defined as the time the patient awoke or was found unless this is more than 12 h from last known well)
3. Moderate to severe neurological impairment (NIH Stroke Scale/Score (NIHSS)  $\geq 10$ )
4. Unable to take normal unmodified oral diet or fluids because:
  - 4.1. Too drowsy to be assessed formally or
  - 4.2. Failed bedside assessment of swallowing

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Previous inclusion criteria:

1. Adults (18 years and over) with a clinical diagnosis of acute stroke (WHO definition excluding duration)
2. Within 9 hours of symptom onset (in wake-up stroke the onset is defined as the time the patient awoke or was found unless this is more than 12 h from last known well)
3. Moderate to severe neurological impairment (NIH Stroke Scale/Score (NIHSS)  $\geq 10$ )
4. Unable to take normal unmodified oral diet or fluids because:
  - 4.1. Too drowsy to be assessed formally or
  - 4.2. Failed bedside assessment of swallowing

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Lower age limit**

18 Years

### **Sex**

Both

### **Target number of participants**

2100

### **Key exclusion criteria**

1. Definite or probable pneumonia (abnormal chest X-ray suggestive of pneumonia or focal chest signs with fever  $\geq 38^{\circ}\text{C}$ , or receiving antibiotic treatment at time of presentation)
2. Contraindications to metoclopramide (hypersensitivity to metoclopramide, epilepsy, gastrointestinal obstruction, perforation, or haemorrhage, gastrointestinal surgery within the last week, Parkinson's disease, treatment with levodopa or dopaminergic agonists, phaeochromocytoma or neuroleptic malignant syndrome or tardive dyskinesia or methaemoglobinaemia or NADH cytochrome  $\text{b}_5$  deficiency)
3. Clinical indication for regular antiemetic treatment
4. Known cirrhosis of the liver

5. Known severe renal dysfunction (eGFR <30 ml/hour)
6. Pregnant or breastfeeding
7. Moribund (expected to die within the next 48 hours)
8. Co-morbid conditions with life expectancy <3 months
9. Inability to gain consent (patient or legal representative) or consent declined

**Date of first enrolment**

28/02/2022

**Date of final enrolment**

31/10/2026

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

England

Northern Ireland

United Kingdom

Wales

**Study participating centre**

**Royal London Hospital**

Whitechapel Road

Whitechapel

London

United Kingdom

E1 1FR

**Study participating centre**

**Addenbrooke's Hospital**

Hills Road

Cambridge

United Kingdom

CB2 0QQ

**Study participating centre**

**Queens Medical Centre**

Nottingham University Hospitals NHS Trust

Derby Road

Lenton

Nottingham  
United Kingdom  
NG7 2UH

**Study participating centre**

**West Suffolk Hospital**

West Suffolk NHS Foundation Trust  
Hardwick Lane  
Bury St Edmunds  
United Kingdom  
IP33 2OZ

**Study participating centre**

**Royal Victoria Infirmary**

Queen Victoria Road  
New Victoria Wing  
Newcastle Upon Tyne  
United Kingdom  
NE1 4LP

**Study participating centre**

**Leighton Hospital**

Mid Cheshire Hospital Trust  
Middlewich Road  
Crewe  
United Kingdom  
CW1 4QJ

**Study participating centre**

**James Cook University Hospital**

Marton Road  
Middlesbrough  
United Kingdom  
T34 3BW

**Study participating centre**

**Milton Keynes University Hospital**

Standing Way  
Eaglestone



Milton Keynes  
United Kingdom  
MK6 5LD

**Study participating centre**

**St George's Hospital**

St George's University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
Blackshaw Road  
Tooting  
London  
United Kingdom  
SW17 0QT

**Study participating centre**

**South West Acute Hospital**

124 Irvinestown Road  
Enniskillen  
United Kingdom  
BT74 6DN

**Study participating centre**

**King's College Hospital**

King's College Hospital NHS Foundation Trust  
Denmark Hill  
London  
United Kingdom  
SE5 9RS

**Study participating centre**

**Northampton General Hospital**

Northampton General Hospital NHS Trust  
Cliftonville  
Northampton  
United Kingdom  
NN1 5BD

**Study participating centre**

**University Hospital Dorset - The Royal Bournemouth Hospital**

Castle Lane East

Bournemouth  
United Kingdom  
BH7 7DW

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal Stoke University Hospital**  
Newcastle Road  
Stoke-on-trent  
United Kingdom  
ST4 6QG

**Study participating centre**  
**Whiston Hospital**  
Warrington Road  
Prescot  
United Kingdom  
L35 5DR

**Study participating centre**  
**Prince Philip Hospital**  
Bryngwynmawr  
Dafen  
Llanelli  
United Kingdom  
SA14 8QF

**Study participating centre**  
**Aberdeen Royal Infirmary**  
Foresterhill Road  
Aberdeen  
United Kingdom  
AB25 2ZN

**Study participating centre**  
**Sunderland Royal Hospital**  
Kayll Road  
Sunderland  
United Kingdom  
SR4 7TP

**Study participating centre**  
**Bronglais General Hospital**  
Bronglais Hospital  
Caradoc Road  
Aberystwyth  
United Kingdom  
SY23 1ER

**Study participating centre**  
**University Hospital of North Durham**  
University Hospital of Durham  
Dryburn Hospital  
North Road  
Durham  
United Kingdom  
DH1 5TW

**Study participating centre**  
**West Wales General Hospital**  
Dolgwili Road  
Carmarthen  
United Kingdom  
SA31 2AF

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital**  
Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital  
Barrack Road  
Exeter  
United Kingdom  
EX2 5DW

**Study participating centre**  
**Norfolk and Norwich Hospital**  
Colney Lane  
Colney  
Norwich  
United Kingdom  
NR4 7UY

**Study participating centre**  
**Monklands District General Hospital**  
Monkscourt Avenue  
Airdrie  
United Kingdom  
ML6 0JS

**Study participating centre**  
**Countess of Chester Hospital**  
Countess of Chester Health Park  
Liverpool Road  
Chester  
United Kingdom  
CH2 1UL

**Study participating centre**  
**Northwick Park Hospital**  
Watford Road  
Harrow  
United Kingdom  
HA1 3UJ

**Study participating centre**  
**New Cross Hospital**  
Wolverhampton Road  
Heath Town  
Wolverhampton  
United Kingdom  
WV10 0QP

**Study participating centre**  
**Southampton**  
Southampton General Hospital  
Tremona Road  
Southampton  
United Kingdom  
SO16 6YD

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal Cornwall Hospital (treリスケ)**  
Treliske

Truro  
United Kingdom  
TR1 3LJ

**Study participating centre**  
**Glasgow Royal Infirmary**  
84 Castle Street  
Glasgow  
United Kingdom  
G4 0SF

**Study participating centre**  
**Leicester Royal Infirmary**  
Infirmary Square  
Leicester  
United Kingdom  
LE1 5WW

**Study participating centre**  
**Musgrove Park Hospital (taunton)**  
Musgrove Park Hospital  
Taunton  
United Kingdom  
TA1 5DA

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal Victoria Hospital**  
Radnor Park Avenue  
Folkestone  
United Kingdom  
CT19 5BN

**Study participating centre**  
**Leeds General Infirmary**  
Great George Street  
Leeds  
United Kingdom  
LS1 3EX

**Study participating centre**  
**Queen Elizabeth Hospital**  
Mindelsohn Way  
Edgbaston  
Birmingham  
United Kingdom  
B15 2GW

**Study participating centre**  
**Arrowe Park Hospital (site)**  
Arrowe Park Hospital  
Arrowe Park Road  
Wirral  
United Kingdom  
CH49 5PE

**Study participating centre**  
**Tayside**  
Ninewells Hospital  
Dundee  
United Kingdom  
DD1 9SY

**Study participating centre**  
**Luton and Dunstable University Hospital**  
Lewsey Road  
Luton  
United Kingdom  
LU4 0DZ

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal Derby Hospital Utc**  
Blue Area  
Uttoxeter Road  
Derby  
United Kingdom  
DE22 3NE

**Study participating centre**  
**North Tees and Hartlepool Ft**  
Hardwick Road

Stockton-on-tees  
United Kingdom  
TS19 8PE

**Study participating centre**  
**Neurology (calderdale Royal Hospital)**  
The Calderdale Royal Hospital  
Huddersfield Road  
Halifax  
United Kingdom  
HX3 0PW

**Study participating centre**  
**Watford General Hospital**  
60 Vicarage Road  
Watford  
United Kingdom  
WD18 0HB

**Study participating centre**  
**Cumberland Infirmary**  
Newtown Road  
Carlisle  
United Kingdom  
CA2 7HY

**Study participating centre**  
**Gateshead - Queen Elizabeth Hospital**  
Queen Elizabeth Hospital  
Sherriff Hill  
Gateshead  
United Kingdom  
NE9 6SX

**Study participating centre**  
**Dorset County Hospital**  
Dorset County Hospital  
Williams Avenue  
Dorchester  
United Kingdom  
DT1 2JY

**Study participating centre**

**Charing Cross Hospital**

Fulham Palace Road

London

United Kingdom

W6 8RF

**Study participating centre**

**Hairmyres Hospital**

Eaglesham Road

East Kilbride

United Kingdom

G75 8RG

**Study participating centre**

**Northumbria Specialist Emergency Care Hospital**

Northumbria Way

Cramlington

United Kingdom

NE23 6NZ

**Study participating centre**

**Antrim Area Hospital**

45 Bush Rd

Antrim

United Kingdom

BT41 2RL

**Study participating centre**

**Doncaster Royal Infirmary**

Armthorpe Road

Doncaster

United Kingdom

DN2 5LT

**Study participating centre**

**York District Hospital**

Wigginton Road



York  
United Kingdom  
YO31 8HE

**Study participating centre**

**Salford Royal**  
Stott Lane  
Salford  
United Kingdom  
M6 8HD

**Study participating centre**

**St Helier NHS Trust**  
St Helier Hospital  
Wrythe Lane  
Carshalton  
United Kingdom  
SM5 1AA

**Study participating centre**

**Bth NHS Foundation Trust**  
Bradford Royal Infirmary  
Duckworth Lane  
Bradford  
United Kingdom  
BD9 6RJ

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

University of Nottingham

**Sponsor details**

Research and Innovation  
East Atrium  
Jubilee Conference Centre  
Triumph Road  
Nottingham  
England  
United Kingdom  
NG8 1DH

+44 (0)115 8467906  
angela.shone@nottingham.ac.uk

**Sponsor type**

University/education

**Website**

<https://www.nottingham.ac.uk/fabs/research-innovation/meettheteam/angela.shone>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/01ee9ar58>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research

**Alternative Name(s)**

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

**Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

National government

**Location**

United Kingdom

## **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal. The research findings will be disseminated via oral presentation at national and international meetings. The documents are not available yet but the researchers' policy is always to publish the protocol and statistical analysis plan.

**Intention to publish date**

01/05/2026

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Prof. Christine Roffe (christine.roffe@uhnm.nhs.uk)

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Protocol file</a>	version 1.4	06/03/2023	15/03/2023	No	No
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No