The effect of pregabalin on human visceral pain hypersensitivity

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
18/04/2008	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
16/06/2008	Completed	[X] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data
23/11/2012	Digestive System	

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Version 1 (03/04/07), MHRA 13904/0203/001-0001

Study information

Scientific Title

Effects of pregabalin on acid-induced oesophageal pain hypersensitivity in male and female healthy adult volunteers, as investigated in a single-centre, placebo-controlled, double-blind, randomised, two-period, cross-over study

Study objectives

Does pregabalin attenuate or prevent acid-induced oesophageal secondary hyperalgesia (pain)?

Please note that, as of 06/10/2008, the start and end dates of this trial have been updated from 01/05/2007 and 01/05/2008 to 01/04/2008 and 30/04/2009. The change is due to delays in preparation for the trial.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

North West Research Ethics Committee. Date of approval: 04/07/2007 (ref: 07/MRE08/39). Amendment approved on 01/09/2007 (change of site from Manchester to London).

Study design

Single-centre, placebo-controlled, double-blind, randomised, two-period, cross-over study.

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Acid reflux, epigastric pain.

Interventions

This is a cross-over study, and therefore the order of the treatment allocation is randomised. The wash-out period is 2 weeks.

Intervention: Five-day treatment with pregabalin

Days 1-3: 75 mg twice a day (bd)

Day 4: 150 mg bd

Day 5: 150 mg single dose in the morning

Placebo treatment: This will be administered as above.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Pregabalin

Primary outcome measure

Change in oesophageal pain threshold to electrical stimuli will be assessed by the Bernstein test. The participants will be asked to rate any discomfort or pain with a visual analogue scale before an acid infusion and 30 and 90 mins after the acid infusion. This test will be carried out at Visit 1, 2 and 3.

Timepoints:

Visit 1: Prior to randomisation

Visit 2: After the end of the first 5-day treatment (pregabalin or placebo)

Visit 3: At least 2 weeks after Visit 2 and at the end of the second 5-day treatment (pregabalin or placebo)

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. To assess whether psychological state or trait of the participants determine the magnitude of acid induced oesophageal hypersensitivity. The psychological state and trait of the participants will be assessed by questionnaires at Visit 1.
- 2. To assess whether an individual's autonomic profile (heart rate, blood pressure, etc) determines the magnitude of acid-induced oesophageal pain hypersensitivity and the effect of pregabalin. The autonomic measurements will be carried out at Visit 1, 2 and 3.

Timepoints:

Visit 1: Prior to randomisation

Visit 2: After the end of the first 5-day treatment (pregabalin or placebo)

Visit 3: At least 2 weeks after Visit 2 and at the end of the second 5-day treatment (pregabalin or placebo)

Overall study start date

01/04/2008

Completion date

30/04/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Age >18 and <60
- 2. Both males and females

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

16

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Currently on any medication
- 2. Known chronic medical illness
- 3. Previous or current psychiatric illness
- 4. Any upper gastrointestinal (GI) symptoms (heartburn, reflux-like, acid brash, epigastric pain, nausea and vomiting)
- 5. History of upper GI surgery
- 6. History of chest pain or discomfort
- 7. Anti-acid medication prescribed by doctor (proton pump inhibitors [PPI] or H2 antagonists)
- 8. Recent illnesses such as flu or cold in the preceding 2 weeks of the study
- 9. Pregnancy

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2008

Date of final enrolment

30/04/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Gastrointestinal physiology

London United Kingdom E1 1BB

Sponsor information

Organisation

Barts and the London NHS Trust and Queen Mary, University of London (UK)

Sponsor details

Joint Research and Development Office 24-26 Walden Street Whitechapel London England United Kingdom E1 2AJ +44 (0)207 882 7272 david.jackson@bartsandthelondon.nhs.uk

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.bartsandthelondon.org.uk/research

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Pfizer UK Ltd (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/02/2012		Yes	No