A prospective randomised, double-blind, placebo controlled trial to assess the respiratory effects of buprenorphine versus morphine in anaethetised patients

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered			
12/09/2003		☐ Protocol			
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan			
12/09/2003	Completed	[X] Results			
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data			
21/07/2008	Surgery				

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr R Langford

Contact details

Department of Anaesthetics Royal London Hospital Whitechapel Rd London United Kingdom E1 1BB +44 (0)20 7377 7793 r.m.langford@qmul.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0205120616

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

This study is designed to investigate the effects of buprenorphine and morphine on respiratory parameters and in the event of changes occurring, the use of reversibility by naloxone (an opioid antagonist).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised double-blind placebo controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgery: Anaesthesia

Interventions

Buprenorphine and morphine vs placebo.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

buprenorphine and morphine

Primary outcome measure

Not provided at time of registration

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

07/02/2003

Completion date

31/07/2003

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients that will have an operation lasting more than 30 min that require general anaesthetic, from Barts Hospital main theatres.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

Aim to recruit 90 patients.

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

07/02/2003

Date of final enrolment

31/07/2003

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Department of Anaesthetics London United Kingdom E1 1BB

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Barts and The London NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details		Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient- facing?
Abstract results	The study was presented to and accepted by the Anaesthetic Research Society, UK in December - Meeting in Leeds. The published abstract is cited as: Mehta V, Phillips JP, Wantman AC, Ratcliffe SH, van Raders PA, Langford RM. Investigation of buprenorphine induced respiratory depression in anaesthetised patients and its reversibility. British J Anaesthesia. 2005; 94: 399-400. See	02/03 /2008		No	No