

STRESSED study: direct Stenting To reduce REStenosis in Stent Era with Drug elution

Submission date 20/12/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 20/12/2005	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 27/04/2015	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Study website
<http://www.diagram-zwolle.nl>

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

STRESSED study: direct Stenting To reduce REStenosis in Stent Era with Drug elution

Acronym

STRESSED

Study objectives

To investigate whether a strategy of direct stenting without pre-dilatation is associated with a reduced incidence of restenosis at nine month follow-up angiography, compared to conventional stenting with pre-dilatation or compared to a strategy of provisional stenting.

Please note that as of 24/06/2008 more details on the sources of funding have been added to this record (i.e., funding now confirmed). This can be seen below in the sources of funding section.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the METC Isala klinieken Zwolle, 28/06/2005, ref: 04.1178p

Study design

Randomised active-controlled parallel-group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised parallel trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction

Interventions

Percutaneous coronary intervention:

Randomisation to drug eluted stenting (DES) without (group Direct), with (group Conventional) balloon predilatation or provisional stenting (group Provisional).

600 patients with stable or unstable angina, who are candidate for a percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), will be randomised to direct stenting, provisional stenting or pre-dilatation. After nine months a follow up angiogram will be made. After 24 month a follow-up will be done.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome measure

Mean minimal lumen diameter at follow-up angiography.

Secondary outcome measures

1. Clinical procedural success defined as angiographic success without major adverse cardiac events (MACE): death, myocardial infarction, or myocardial revascularisation by repeat angioplasty or coronary bypass surgery
2. Rate of major adverse clinical events during the nine and 24-month follow-up period

Overall study start date

01/09/2005

Completion date

01/01/2010

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Men and women less than 85 years of age
2. Stable or unstable angina pectoris or a recent (less than 30 days) myocardial infarction with objective evidence of myocardial ischaemia
3. Lesion with more than 50% and less than 100% diameter stenosis according to the estimate of the investigator
4. Single American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association (ACC/AHA) task force classification type A, B1 or B2 non-calcified target lesion
5. No contraindication to inhibition of platelet function with aspirin and ticlopidine or clopidogrel

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

600

Key exclusion criteria

1. Acute ST elevation myocardial infarction
2. Unstable angina pectoris, classified as Braunwald category IIIB or C

3. Bifurcation lesions situated with a side branch more than 20 mm in diameter
4. Left main coronary artery lesions
5. Ostial lesions
6. Left ventricular ejection fraction of less than 30%
7. Contraindication for follow-up angiography (severe peripheral vessel disease, creatine-clearance less than 30 ml/min)

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2005

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2010

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

Diagram B.V. Zwolle

Zwolle

Netherlands

8011 NB

Sponsor information

Organisation

Isala Clinics (Isala klinieken) (The Netherlands)

Sponsor details

Locatie Weezenlanden

Department of Cardiology

Groot Wezenland 20

Zwolle

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Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

<http://www.isala.nl/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/046a2wj10>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Diagram B.V. (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/07/2014		Yes	No