

In patients undergoing carotid endarterectomy under general anaesthesia, does superficial cervical plexus blockade with the local anaesthetic bupivacaine affect post-operative blood pressure control?

Submission date 30/09/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 30/09/2005	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 17/04/2015	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0227149022

Study information

Scientific Title

In patients undergoing carotid endarterectomy under general anaesthesia, does superficial cervical plexus blockade with the local anaesthetic bupivacaine affect post-operative blood pressure control?

Study objectives

In the early post-operative period following carotid endarterectomy, patients commonly develop blood pressure liability. It is our observation that over the last 2 years the incidence of severe hypertension requiring treatment appears to have decreased whilst the incidence of hypotension appears to be increasing. There are two main changes to our practice that may be contributing to this observation: Firstly, the vast majority of our patients are now beta-blocked as this has been shown to improve outcome in patients undergoing vascular surgery. Secondly, our patients are now commonly given a superficial cervical plexus block in addition to a general anaesthetic as part of a multi-modal approach to post-operative analgesia. We would like to look at the influence of superficial cervical plexus blockade on post-operative blood pressure control in these patients.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgery: Carotid endarterectomy

Interventions

All patients undergoing carotid endarterectomy will receive a standardised general anaesthetic.

The patients in the study will be randomised to the treatment group who will receive a superficial cervical plexus block, or to a control group receiving no block.

This block will be performed in the anaesthetic room following induction of anaesthesia by the responsible anaesthetist using a standard block technique. Following surgery the patients will be monitored in recovery in the usual manner until stable before being transferred to the high dependency unit for the first 24 hours following surgery. Any pain will be treated with intravenous opiates or simple analgesics as appropriate. Blood pressure persistently greater than 160mmHg will be treated with labetolol or GTN. Hypotension persistently below 100mmHg will be treated with a fluid challenge and phenylephrine, according to the current HDU guidelines.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Bupivacaine

Primary outcome measure

Mean systolic blood pressure over the first 24 hours following surgery.

Secondary outcome measures

Secondary outcomes will include the need for vasopressor or antihypertensive medication, cumulative opiate requirements, and mean pain scores in recovery and HDU.

Any major cardiovascular or cerebrovascular morbidity or mortality in the first 24 hours, and any side effects potentially related to the block will be recorded.

Overall study start date

01/09/2004

Completion date

30/09/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

The patients will be selected from all patients presenting for carotid endarterectomy. The vast majority of these patients are now seen in the vascular preadmission clinic by a consultant anaesthetist. This clinic will provide the opportunity to discuss the project with the patients. They would then be able to consider at home prior to admission whether or not to participate.

Consent where relevant would then be taken at the time of admission. Approximately 100 patients undergo this operation annually in the trust. We need to recruit at least 54 patients and we would hope to achieve this over 1 year.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

54

Key exclusion criteria

Patients will be excluded if they have a contraindication to a block, such as coagulopathy, thrombocytopenia, treatment with clopidogrel or multiple anti-platelet agents within one week of surgery. Other exclusions will be patient refusal and known local anaesthetic allergy. In order to account for the potential influence of beta-blockade, only patients on perioperative beta blockade will be studied. Patients will therefore be excluded if they have a contraindication to beta-blockade.

1. Patients will be excluded if they do not wish to take part in this trial
2. Contra-indication to beta blockage therapy
3. Increase risk of bleeding (ie patients with low platelet counts , coagulopathy associated with liver dysfunction, treatment with multiple antiplatelet agents or treatment with clopidogrel in the 7 days prior to surgery)
4. Patients with known allergy to local anaesthetics

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2004

Date of final enrolment

30/09/2007

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

South Tees Hospital Trust

Middlesbrough

United Kingdom

TS4 3BW

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health

Sponsor details

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Sponsor type

Government

Website

<http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

South Tees Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration