Cost-effectiveness of intensive versus no scheduled follow-up in patients who have undergone resection for colorectal cancer with curative intent - main trial

| Submission date 18/05/2004 | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | Prospectively registered Protocol |
|--|---|---|
| Registration date 18/05/2004 | Overall study status Completed | [] Statistical analysis plan [X] Results |
| Last Edited 29/10/2021 | Condition category Cancer | [] Individual participant data |

Plain English summary of protocol

http://cancerhelp.cancerresearchuk.org/trials/a-trial-looking-at-followup-after-colorectal-surgery

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number NCT00560365

Secondary identifying numbers HTA 99/10/99

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomised controlled trial to assess the cost-effectiveness of intensive versus no scheduled follow-up in patients who have undergone resection for colorectal cancer with curative intent - main trial

Acronym

FACS (Follow-up After Colorectal Surgery)

Study objectives

Colorectal cancer is a major health problem. In the UK, each year about 32,000 cases are diagnosed annually and 17,000 deaths are attributed to the disease. Surgery is the mainstay of treatment and traditionally patients who have curative surgery for colorectal cancer are subject to long-term follow up. Various protocols are used by surgeons but few, if any, are evidence based. The costs to the NHS of follow-up are substantial and they need to be justified by evidence of cost-effectiveness.

Whilst a number of previous studies have assessed the value of follow up of patients with curatively resected colorectal cancer, none provides a definitive answer. This trial aims to do so. FACS is a Multicentre, randomised, controlled, intention to treat with a 2x2 factorial design. Patients randomised to 1 of 4 arms.

Details of the study can also be found at: http://www.hta.ac.uk/1389 FACS pilot on http://www.controlled-trials.com/ISRCTN61091474

Please note that extensive amendments have been made to this trial records as of 09/02/2009. They include the following:

1. The anticipated end date of this trial has been updated from 31/03/2011 to 31/08/2009.

2. The target number of participants has been amended from 4,760 to 1,000.

Other changes are recorded in the relevant fields.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

South West Research Ethics Committee (formerly SWMREC), approved on 04/02/2002 (ref: MREC /01/6/91)

Study design

Multi-centre randomised controlled trial, intention to treat with a 2 x 2 factorial design

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Colorectal cancer

Interventions

Monitoring of carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) in primary care vs intensive imaging in hospital.

Patients randomised to 1 of 4 arms: Arm 1: Symptomatic follow-up in primary care Arm 2: CEA in primary care, 3 monthly for 2 years and 6 monthly for another 3 years. Arm 3: Hospital based imaging with CT 6 monthly for 2 years and annually for another 3 years. Arm 4: Combination of 2 and 3

All groups: Given patient handbook detailing symptoms suggestive of recurrence, colonoscopy at trial end (5 years). Contact with Colorectal Nurse Specialist can continue.

Groups 3 and 4: Additional colonoscopy at year 2.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Current primary outcome measure amended as of 11/02/2009: Number of recurrences in each group treated surgically with curative intent, analysed at study end (5 years).

Previous primary outcome measure: Overall survival by intention to treat analysis.

Secondary outcome measures

Current secondary outcome measures as of 11/02/2009:

1. Overall survival by intention to treat analysis, reviewed at study end (5 years)

2. Quality of life in survivors, assessed at baseline, and then at the end of study years 1-5 by the following:

2.1. Euroqol EQ-5D

2. 2. European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer Quality of Life Questionnaire

for Cancer patients (EORTC QLQ-C30)

2. 3. Hospital Anxiety and Depression (HAD) scale

2. 4. Modified form of a College of Health Questionnaire

2. 5. A small number of items from the 7-item questionnaire used by Kjeldsen

3. Cost of NHS services utilised, data are collected at the end of study years 1-5 for all patients

4. NHS cost per life-year saved, assessed at study end (5 years)

Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Quality of life in survivors

2. Cost of NHS services utilised

3. NHS cost per life-years saved

Overall study start date

01/04/2004

Completion date 31/08/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients who have undergone resection for colorectal cancer with curative intent

Added as of 23/01/2009: Both males and females, 50 years and older

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Senior

Sex Both

Target number of participants 1,000

Total final enrolment 1202

Key exclusion criteria Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment 01/04/2004

Date of final enrolment 31/08/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Professor of Surgery Southampton United Kingdom SO16 6YD

Sponsor information

Organisation University of Southampton (UK)

Sponsor details University Road Southampton United Kingdom SO17 1BJ

Sponsor type Government Website

http://www.soton.ac.uk/

ROR https://ror.org/01ryk1543

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme - HTA (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article | results | 15/01/2014 | | Yes | No |
| Results article | results | 01/01/2021 | 11/01/2021 | Yes | No |
| <u>Plain English results</u> | | 12/01/2016 | 29/10/2021 | No | Yes |