Can taping improve hand posture and use in infants with brain lesions?

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
04/07/2012		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 16/08/2012	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
28/01/2019	Nervous System Diseases			

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Children who sustain damage to the developing brain often develop contractures (a permanent shortening of a muscle or joint) leading to thumb and wrist deformity. Early intervention with elastic taping prior to the development of contractures may help to improve thumb and wrist position, and hopefully have beneficial effects on function. However, this approach has not been well evaluated although it has begun to be used in clinical practice. The aim of this study is to determine the feasibility and acceptability of using elastic taping for this purpose in infants and young children, and to look for effects on hand and wrist posture and function.

Who can participate?

Infants and young children aged 6 months to 3 years who have difficulties with hand and wrist posture and use, worse on one side than the other, following an injury to the developing brain

What does the study involve?

Children are randomly allocated to one of two groups. One group receives routine care for 2 weeks then taping for 2 weeks. The other group receives taping for the 4-week period of the study. Videotaped assessments of hand and wrist posture and function are undertaken at baseline, 2 and 4 weeks with tape on and tape off. Families also complete a home diary and questionnaire to provide feedback regarding the experience.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Taping is noninvasive and safe. The trialists check for skin sensitivity to the tape. It is not known at this stage whether taping is beneficial. However, if taping is felt to help a participant, treatment is continued after the study within the clinical service.

Where is the study run from?

Child Development Centre, Newcastle upon Tyne NHS Hospitals Foundation Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2012 to September 2014

Who is funding the study?
British Academy of Childhood Disability/Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health (UK)

Who is the main contact?

- 1. Dr Anna Basu (anna.basu@ncl.ac.uk)
- 2. Dr Jill Kisler (jill.kisler@nuth.nhs.uk)

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Jill Cadwgan

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Can taping improve hand posture and use in infants with brain lesions? A feasibility study

Study objectives

The aim of this pilot study is to determine, in infants and young children with asymmetric brain injury affecting hand posture and function:

- 1. The feasibility and acceptability of using elastic tape applied to the thumb, wrist and arm
- 2. Whether the elastic tape has a beneficial effect on hand and wrist posture and function both immediately when applied and in the longer term.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Pilot randomised single-blinded (assessor) single-centre study. Based on a randomised cross-over design except that in the second time interval both groups will receive the intervention.

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Elastic tape as intervention for hand and wrist posture and function after early brain damage

Interventions

Application of elastic tape with intent to improve thumb and wrist posture and function.

Children are randomised to one of two groups, one receiving routine care for 2 weeks then taping for 2 weeks. The other group receive taping for the 4 week period of the study. Videotaped assessments of hand and wrist posture and function are undertaken at baseline, 2 and 4 weeks with tape on and tape off. Families also complete a home diary and questionnaire to provide feedback regarding the experience.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Feasibility and acceptability of the intervention
- 2. Change in score on Assisting Hand Assessment (AHA)

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Thumb position, measured using the House Thumb classification
- 2. Hand and wrist position, measured using the Zancolli classification

Completion date

03/09/2014

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Infants and young children age 6 months to 3 years
- 2. Asymmetric abnormalities of hand and wrist posture and function secondary to non-progressive brain lesions and including acquired brain injury

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

6 months

Upper age limit

3 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Known allergy to tape adhesive
- 2. Known progressive or degenerative disorder
- 3. Already recruited to another trial
- 4. Other splinting already in use

Date of first enrolment

03/09/2012

Date of final enrolment

03/09/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre Royal Victoria Infirmary

Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE14LP

Sponsor information

Organisation

Newcastle upon Tyne NHS Hospitals Foundation Trust (UK)

ROR

https://ror.org/05p40t847

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

British Academy of Childhood Disability (UK) - Paul Polani Research Fund

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/01/2020	28/01/2019	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes