Evaluation of a computer system that alerts heathcare professionals to changes in foetal monitoring signals acquired during labour

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X
Desistation data		۲] ۲
26/01/2009	Completed	[X
Last Edited	Condition category	[
08/12/2016	Pregnancy and Childbirth	

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N/A

- [X] Prospectively registered
- X] Protocol
- [] Statistical analysis plan
- [X] Results
- Individual participant data

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomised clinical trial of intrapartum foetal monitoring with computer analysis and alerts versus previously available monitoring

Acronym

EFM-ALERT

Study objectives

Use of a system for computer analysis of intrapartum foetal monitoring signals, with real-time alerts for healthcare professionals, will reduce the number of foetuses born with metabolic acidosis, when compared with conventional monitoring.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) To be submitted as of 02/12/2008.

Study design Randomised controlled open multi-centre trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s) Prevention

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Intrapartum foetal hypoxia

Interventions

Continuous foetal monitoring during labour with computer analysis by the Omniview-SisPorto 3.5 system vs continuous intrapartum monitoring as previously performed.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Incidence of foetal metabolic acidosis, defined as newborn umbilical artery pH <7.05 and BDecf >12 mmol/L.

Secondary outcome measures

1. Overall rates of caesarean section and caesarean section for non-reassuring foetal state

2. Overall rates of instrumental vaginal delivery and instrumental vaginal delivery for nonreassuring foetal state

- 3. Foetal blood sampling rates
- 4. Incidence of 5-minute Apgar score <7
- 5. Need for neonatal intensive care unit admission
- 6. Incidence of moderate and severe neonatal encephalopathy with a hypoxic marker
- 7. Perinatal death

8. Rate of delayed interventions (interval between red alerts [intervention arm]/offline analysis [control arm] and delivery in metabolic acidosis cases)

8. Tracing quality and signal loss

Overall study start date

01/04/2009

Completion date

01/04/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Pregnant women, aged more than 16 years
- 2. Able to provide written informed consent
- 3. Singleton pregnancy
- 4. Gestation of 36 or more completed weeks
- 5. Cephalic presentation
- 6. No known major foetal malformations
- 7. In active labour but not in active second stage
- 8. No known contraindication to vaginal delivery
- 9. Clinical decision made to perform continuous cardiotocography (CTG) monitoring

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Female

Target number of participants 8,000

Key exclusion criteria Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment 01/04/2009

Date of final enrolment 01/04/2011

Locations

Countries of recruitment Portugal

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Departamento de Ginecologia e Obstetrícia Porto Portugal 4200-319

Sponsor information

Organisation University of Porto (Universidade do Porto) (Portugal)

Sponsor details Faculdade de Medicina do Porto Alameda Hernani Monteiro Porto Portugal 4200-319

Sponsor type University/education

Website http://sigarra.up.pt/fmup

ROR https://ror.org/043pwc612

Funder(s)

Funder type Research organisation

Funder Name

Institute of Biomedical Engineering (Instituto de Engenharia Biomédica) (INEB) (Portugal)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>	protocol	28/10/2010		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/01/2017		Yes	No