

The effectiveness of cognitive behavioural therapy versus interpersonal psychotherapy in panic disorder without agoraphobia

Submission date 19/07/2006	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 19/07/2006	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 10/11/2006	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

To assess the effectiveness of cognitive behavioural therapy (CBT) versus interpersonal psychotherapy (IPT) in panic disorder without agoraphobia.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Board of the Community Mental Health Centre Maastricht, ethic approval granted on the 30th September 1996 (ref: GWA 96.070).

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Panic disorder

Interventions

Patients will receive 12 therapeutic sessions of either CBT or IPT, one session per week, each session takes one hour

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

1. Panic free status (defined with panic diaries)
2. Performance on a behavioural test (three situations)

Panic diaries are completed at zero months (pre-treatment), during treatment, three months (post treatment), four months (follow up one) and nine months (follow up two).

Performance on the behavioural test is assessed at zero months (pre-treatment), four months (follow up one) and nine months (follow up two).

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. A composite measure of panic and agoraphobic measures (the Fear Questionnaire [FQ v+a], main phobia, Anxiety Sensitivity Index [ASI], Fear Of Fear [FOF], etc.,)
2. A composite measure of cognitive measures (e.g. Body Sensations Interpretation Questionnaire [BSIQ-14], Agoraphobic Cognitions Questionnaire [ACQ])

3. An interpersonal measure (the Inventory of Interpersonal Problems [IIP])
4. A composite measure of general psychopathology (the Symptom Checklist-90-R [SCL-90], State-Trait Anxiety Inventory [STAI])

The outcomes are assessed at zero months (pre-treatment), three months (post treatment), four months (follow up one) and nine months (follow up two).

Completion date

06/01/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Main diagnosis panic disorder without agoraphobia
2. Aged between 18 and 60

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

60 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Co-morbid psychosis or bipolar disorder
2. The use of psychoactive drugs
3. Intelligence Quotient (IQ) less than 80
4. Insufficient knowledge of the Dutch language
5. Previous formal IPT or CBT received (for the same complaint in the past year)
6. Alcohol or drugs dependency
7. Cardiovascular disease
8. Respiratory disease
9. Epilepsy

Date of first enrolment

05/06/1997

Date of final enrolment

06/01/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

University Maastricht (UM)

Maastricht

Netherlands

6200 MD

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Maastricht (UM), Department of Clinical, Medical, and Experimental Psychology (The Netherlands)

ROR

<https://ror.org/02jz4aj89>

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

University Maastricht (UM), Research Institute Experimental Psychopathology (EPP),
Department of Clinical, Medical, and Experimental Psychology (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration