# The London East Anglia randomised controlled trial for cognitive-behaviour therapy for psychosis: effects of the treatment phase

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
23/01/2004		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
23/01/2004	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
09/11/2022	Mental and Behavioural Disorders			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

#### Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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#### Contact details

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#### Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number** NMH13C

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

The London East Anglia randomised controlled trial for cognitive-behaviour therapy for psychosis: effects of the treatment phase

#### **Study objectives**

A series of small, mainly uncontrolled, studies have suggested that techniques adapted from cognitive-behavioural therapy (CBT) for depression can improve outcome in psychosis, but no large randomised controlled trial of intensive treatment for medication-resistant symptoms of psychosis has previously been published.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Schizophrenia and other psychoses

#### **Interventions**

Participants randomised into the treatment group received up to nine months of individual cognitive behaviour therapy for psychosis. Sessions were conducted weekly initially, and then fortnightly. Participants randomised into standard care received routine care from their clinical team, which as part of the study entry criteria consisted of case management and medication.

#### Intervention Type

Behavioural

#### Primary outcome(s)

Measures were taken at baseline of demographic, clinical and cognitive variables. Changes over time were assessed on the Brief Psychiatric Rating Scale and the relationship between potential predictor variables and outcome was investigated using analysis of variance and covariance.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Not provided at time of registration

#### Completion date

31/12/1997

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

60 participants who each had one positive and distressing symptom of psychosis that was medication resistant (28 in a treatment group received a cognitive behaviour therapy and 32 a standard care only control condition).

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

**Not Specified** 

#### Sex

**Not Specified** 

#### Total final enrolment

60

#### Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

#### Date of first enrolment

01/01/1993

#### Date of final enrolment

31/12/1997

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

**United Kingdom** 

**England** 

# Study participating centre Institute of Psychiatry

London United Kingdom SE5 8AF

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Record Provided by the NHS R&D 'Time-Limited' National Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### Funder Name

NHS Mental Health National Research and Development Programme (UK)

### **Results and Publications**

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		01/10/1997		Yes	No
Results article		01/11/1997		Yes	No
Results article		01/07/1998		Yes	No