ISRCTN43055332 https://doi.org/10.1186/ISRCTN43055332

CANcer DIagnosis Decision rules

Submission date
12/12/2012

Recruitment status
No longer recruiting

Registration date
12/03/2013

Overall study status
Completed

Last Edited
20/03/2025

Condition category
Cancer

[_] Prospectively registered

[X] Protocol

[_] Statistical analysis plan

[_] Results

[_] Individual participant data

[X] Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/cancer-help/trials/a-study-help-gps-decide-sooner-who-needs-tested-lung-or-bowel-cancer-candid

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
13492

Study information

Scientific Title

CANcer DIagnosis Decision rules: an observational study

Acronym
CANDID

Study objectives
This study seeks to work out which of the symptoms and examination findings are the most effective in the early prediction of lung or colon cancer.

The aim is to recruit up to 20,000 patients who consult their GP half with lung symptoms and the other half with colorectal symptoms. Clinical information will be collected using standardised internet based forms.

The clinical prediction 'rules' or decision aids developed from these studies will then be tested, with 2000 patients for each condition, for validity.

Ethics approval required
Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)
South Central Oxford A, 31/07/2012, ref: 12/SC/0328

Study design
Non-randomised observational cohort study

Primary study design
Observational

Study type(s)
Diagnostic

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied
Cancer / primary care study

Interventions
Willing patients will complete lifestyle questionnaires and provide blood or saliva samples (including for genetic analysis). A notes review will also be undertaken. The National Cancer and Mortality Registries will then be monitored to see which patients develop cancer, and statistical analysis will determine the most important clinical variables that predict cancer.

Follow Up Length: 60 month(s)

Intervention Type
Other

Phase
Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)
Participant appearing in cancer or mortality registries; Timepoint(s): up to 5 years post recruitment

Key secondary outcome(s))
No secondary outcome measures

Completion date
31/12/2022

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria
Male and female over 35 with lung or colorectal symptoms

Participant type(s)
Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed
No

Age group
Adult

Sex
All

Key exclusion criteria
1. Already has a diagnosis of cancer
2. Unable to give informed consent

Date of first enrolment
31/01/2013

Date of final enrolment
30/09/2017

Locations

Countries of recruitment
United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre
Aldermoor Health Centre
Southampton
United Kingdom
SO16 5ST

Sponsor information

Organisation
University of Southampton (UK)

ROR
https://ror.org/01ryk1543

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name
National School for Primary Care Research (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan
The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary
Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol file	version v4	03/07/2015	31/07/2020	No	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes