Additional antibiotics for acute bacterial exacerbation of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
04/02/2009	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
19/03/2009	Completed	☐ Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
21/06/2010	Respiratory	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Chuntao Liu

Contact details

West China Hospital Sichuan University Respiratory Department NO37 Outer-south Guoxue Alley Chengdu China 610041

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Randomised, double-blind, multi-centre, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the efficacy of 6-day additional oral moxifloxacin administration 400 mg once a day (qd) after common antibiotic treatment on acute bacterial exacerbation of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease patients

Acronym

AAABC study

Study objectives

Additional antibiotics administration in bacteria exacerbation of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) inpatients after common antibiotics treatment will decrease the incidence of acute exacerbations by lowering the bacterial burden.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Committee for Biomedical Research Projects, West China Hospital, Sichuan University, approved on 17/02/2009 (ref: NO 3, 2009)

Study design

Randomised placebo-controlled double-blind multi-centre trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Please contact Miss Yufang Huang (loveflower404@163.com) to request a patient information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Acute bacterial exacerbations in chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Interventions

Intervention group: Moxifloxacin (oral) 400 mg once a day (qd) for 6 days

Control group: Placebo

Subjects, caregivers, investigators and outcomes assessors will all be blinded to the treatment allocation.

As of 21/06/2010 this record has been updated to include an extended anticipated end date; the initial anticipated end date at the time of registration was 01/07/2010.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

The following will be followed-up for one year:

- 1. Time to acute exacerbation
- 2. Incidence of total acute exacerbation

Secondary outcome measures

The following will be assessed at 14 and 30 days from end of interventions, then every two months for one year:

- 1. Changes in lung function (Forced expiratory volume in 1 second [FEV1], FEV1/Forced vital capacity [FVC])
- 2. The BODE index: Body Mass Index(B), Airflow obstruction (O), Dyspnoea(D), Exercise capacity index(E)

Overall study start date

18/02/2009

Completion date

01/07/2012

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Both males and females, 45-80 years old
- 2. History of COPD (Global Initiative for chronic Obstructive Lung Disease [GOLD] 2006 criteria)
- 3. Moderate to severe COPD (GOLD 2006 criteria)
- 4. Have at least one acute exacerbation episodes in the proceeding year
- 5. Clinical evidence of acute bacteria exacerbations of COPD. Patient must meet criterion 5.1 below plus one of the other four criteria to be eligible:
- 5.1. Production of purulent sputum as defined by gramistained sputum specimen
- 5.2. Increased dyspnoea
- 5.3. Increased sputum production
- 5.4. Fever
- 5.5. Increased white blood cells (WBC) or neutrophilic granulocyte portion

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

80

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Extremely severe acute exacerbation of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (AECOPD)
- 2. Comply with pulmonary encephalopathy
- 3. Heart failure, acute cornary artery syndrome
- 4. Gastrointestimal (GI) bleeding
- 5. Need for mechanical ventilation
- 6. History of hypersensitivity to fluoroguinolones
- 7. Creatinine (Cr) >=1 x upper limit of normal (ULN), blood urea nitrogen (BUN) >=1 x ULN, aspartate aminotransferase (AST), alanine aminotransferase (ALT) >=5 x ULN or total bilirubin >=3 x ULN at screening
- 8. Other chronic respiratory disease that lead to decline in pulmonary function, such as pneumonia, cancer, asthma, bronchiectasis, diffused lung interstitial fibrosis
- 9. Infection that is not because of pulmonary or bronchial tree
- 10. Use of systemic glucocorticoid (prednisolone >10 mg/d or other corticoid equal to this) within 30 days

Date of first enrolment

18/02/2009

Date of final enrolment

01/07/2012

Locations

Countries of recruitment

China

Study participating centre West China Hospital Chengdu China 610041

Sponsor information

Organisation

West China Hospital, Sichuan University (China)

Sponsor details

c/o Prof Chuntao Liu Respiratory Department NO37 Outer-south Guoxue Alley Chengdu China 610041

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://eng.cd120.com/

ROR

https://ror.org/007mrxy13

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded (China)

Funder Name

Bayer Health Care/ Bayer Schering Pharma (China)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration