

Maximising clinical applicability of non-invasive methods for optimisation of cardiac pacemakers and effect of optimisation on cardiac efficiency

Submission date 29/04/2010	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 29/04/2010	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 11/05/2017	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
7354

Study information

Scientific Title

Maximising clinical applicability of non-invasive methods for optimisation of cardiac pacemakers and effect of optimisation on cardiac efficiency: a non-randomised interventional validation of investigational process trial

Acronym

DRN 453 (BivPace Optimisation)

Study objectives

Assessment of atrioventricular (AV) optimisation on acute systolic blood pressure changes and the effect of this on cardiac efficiency at higher heart rates.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

St Mary's REC, 01/10/2008, ref: 08/H0712/65

Study design

Non-randomised interventional and observational treatment validation of investigational /therapeutic process trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Diagnostic

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Diabetes Research Network; Subtopic: Type 2; Disease: Cardiovascular disease

Interventions

Optimisation of CRT devices:

1. Patients with existing devices are invited to attend for non-invasive haemodynamic optimisation
2. Patients are temporarily paced biventricularly at high heart rate and optimised using invasive and non-invasive haemodynamic parameters

Study entry: registration only

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

1. Acute improvement in systolic blood pressure
2. Cardiac efficiency

Timepoints: End of first year and end of second year

Key secondary outcome(s)

No secondary outcome measures

Completion date

01/04/2011

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Chronic systolic heart failure and a biventricular device
2. In sinus rhythm (or atrially paced at rest)
3. Free of frequent ectopy
4. No aortic stenosis
5. Either sex, aged 40 - 90 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Severe lung disease
2. Any condition that would preclude participants from lying comfortably on a couch for the duration of the study
3. No admissions, other than the admission related to the procedure for the invasive substudy in the prior month
4. No changes to medications (other than diuretic dose) in the prior month

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2009

Date of final enrolment

01/04/2011

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre
St Mary's Hospital
London
United Kingdom
NW1 5QH

Sponsor information

Organisation
Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust (UK)

ROR
<https://ror.org/056ffv270>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Charity

Funder Name
British Heart Foundation (BHF) (UK)

Alternative Name(s)
The British Heart Foundation, the_bhf, BHF

Funding Body Type
Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype
Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location
United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary
Not provided at time of registration