A double-blind randomised controlled trial comparing porcine dermal collagen patch saphenoplasty with conventional saphenofermoral ligation to prevent recurrent saphenofemoral incompetence

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Plain English summary of protocolNot provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof A K Samy

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

6006

Study information

Scientific Title

A double-blind randomised controlled trial comparing porcine dermal collagen patch saphenoplasty with conventional saphenofermoral ligation to prevent recurrent saphenofemoral incompetence

Study objectives

The study aims to compare the use of porcine dermal collagen patch saphenoplasty with standard saphenofemoral flush ligation in primary and recurrent varicose vein surgery. Post-operative subjective and objective measures of presence and severity of varicosity recurrence shall be compared. This shall be the first study to establish the efficacy of Permacol™ in this setting, and shall use the following endpoints to test the given null hypothesis.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

MREC approved, ref: 06/Q1105/27

Study design

Multicentre non-randomised observational case-control study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Case-control study

Study setting(s)

GP practice

Study type(s)

Diagnostic

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Generic Health Relevance and Cross Cutting Themes; Subtopic: Generic Health Relevance (all Subtopics); Disease: Surgery

Interventions

1. Imaging investigations (non-radiation): Patients need to undergo a handheld Doppler ultrasound examination of the saphenofemoral junction to document the presence of radiologically apparent recurrence.

- 2. Other examinations: Patients shall be clinically examined for evidence of recurrent varicose veins
- 3. Questionnaire: A research nurse assessor, blinded to the technique used, shall administer a questionnaire at 1 and 5 years follow-up

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

50% reduction in the clinical presence of recurrence at 5 years.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Annual clinical recurrence rates
- 2. Local complication rate fistula, haematoma, groin wound infection
- 3. Radiographically demonstrable recurrence rates at 1 year and 5 years
- 4. Serious adverse event rates
- 5. 36-item short form health survey (SF-36) and EUROQOL questionnaire scores
- 6. Visual analogue pain scores

Overall study start date

10/07/2006

Completion date

09/07/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

Planned sample size: 100

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

10/07/2006

Date of final enrolment

09/07/2011

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
Diana, Princess of Wales Hospital
Grimsby
United Kingdom
DN33 2BA

Sponsor information

Organisation

Northern Lincolnshire and Goole Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

Sponsor details

Research and Development Department Scunthorpe General Hospital Cliff Gardens Scunthorpe England United Kingdom DN15 7BH

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.nlg.nhs.uk

ROR

https://ror.org/01ep18d71

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Tissue Science Laboratories PLC (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination planNot provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration