

Endometrial aspiration before or after Saline Infusion Sonography (SIS) in case of abnormal uterine bleeding: effect on specimen quality

Submission date
27/06/2007

Recruitment status
No longer recruiting

☐ Prospectively registered

☐ Protocol

Registration date
27/06/2007

Overall study status
Completed

☐ Statistical analysis plan

☒ Results

Last Edited
28/10/2021

Condition category
Urological and Genital Diseases

☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr A.J.M. Bij de Vaate

Contact details

Vrije University Medical Centre (VUMC)
Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology
De Boelelaan 1117
Amsterdam
Netherlands
1081 HV
+31 (0)20 444 3613
m.bijdevaate@vumc.nl

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Endometrial aspiration before or after Saline Infusion Sonography (SIS) in case of abnormal uterine bleeding: effect on specimen quality

Acronym

Endometrial aspiration specimen quality after SIS

Study objectives

The specimen contains less evaluable endometrium after Saline Infusion Sonography (SIS) than before SIS.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee (METc VUmc) on the 7th September 2005 (ref: 2005/46).

Study design

Randomised, single blinded, controlled, parallel group single centre trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Abnormal uterine bleeding, Saline Infusion Sonography (SIS), endometrial aspiration

Interventions

Saline Infusion Sonography (SIS) and endometrial aspiration are performed with the same catheter in one session. Patients are either allocated to aspiration and subsequent SIS, or to the reverse order.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Quality assessment of aspiration specimen by pathologist. Evaluation of the biopsy was performed by the pathologist immediately after taking the endometrial biopsy.

Key secondary outcome(s)

Reliability of video SIS-images. The SIS was performed in the same session and was recorded on video.

Completion date

01/07/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients with abnormal uterine bleeding.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Total final enrolment

113

Key exclusion criteria

1. Pelvic Inflammatory Disease (PID)
2. Cervical cancer

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2006

Date of final enrolment

01/07/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

Vrije University Medical Centre (VUMC)

Amsterdam

Netherlands

1081 HV

Sponsor information

Organisation

Vrije University Medical Centre (VUMC) (The Netherlands)

ROR

<https://ror.org/00q6h8f30>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Vrije University Medical Centre (VUMC) (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		22/04/2008	28/10/2021	Yes	No