# Assessment of Augmentation Strategies to Optimize the Therapeutic Response to Mirtazapine in Major Depression

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
13/09/2005		☐ Protocol	
Registration date 15/02/2006	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan	
		[X] Results	
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data	
16/08/2011	Mental and Behavioural Disorders		

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

## **Study objectives**

- 1. A six-week treatment with a daily dose 20 mg of fluoxetine by itself will produce a clinically significant antidepressant response
- 2. A six-week treatment with mirtazapine in combination with any of the following three antidepressant medications: fluoxetine, bupropion, or venlafaxine, by producing a sustained increase in 5-hydroxytryptamine (5-HT) synaptic availability in the presence of epinephrine (NE) reuptake blockade or increased NE release, will induce a more robust clinical response compared to those patients receiving only fluoxetine
- 3. A six-week treatment with a combination of mirtazapine and venlafaxine or with mirtazapine and bupropion, by producing initially a greater synaptic availability of NE than with mirtazapine alone, and by enhancing 5-HT neurotransmission rapidly as well, will induce a more rapid clinical response. Therefore, patients receiving a six-week treatment with these two combinations of antidepressant medications will demonstrate an earlier onset of their clinical response compared to those receiving only fluoxetine or fluoxetine plus mirtazapine.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

## Study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Not specified

## Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Major depression

## **Interventions**

This is a double-blind study comparing the effects of fluoxetine alone to those of mirtazapine plus fluoxetine, mirtazapine plus venlafaxine, and mirtazapine plus bupropion in patients presenting with major depression. At the end of the six-week trial, remitters that received either

fluoxetine plus placebo or fluoxetine plus mirtazapine will be maintained on fluoxetine alone for six months and those that received either bupropion or venlafaxine will be maintained on mirtazapine alone for the same period of prolongation. Non-responders will be offered alternate treatment strategies by the principal investigator.

## Intervention Type

Drug

## **Phase**

**Not Specified** 

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

1. Mirtazapine 2. Fluoxetine 3. Bupropion 4. Venlafaxine

## Primary outcome measure

The primary efficacy variables are the total Hamilton Depression Rating Scale (HAM-D), total Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS), Clinical Global Impression (CGI) improvement scale, CGI severity scale, the percentage of responders (i.e. improvement of 50% or more on the total MADRS), and the percentage of remitters (i.e. a score of 8 or less on the HAM-D)

## Secondary outcome measures

The secondary variable is the depression subscale of the Symptom Checklist-90-R (SCL-90-R)

## Overall study start date

01/07/2001

## Completion date

31/12/2005

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Male or female patients between 18 and 65 years of age
- 2. Diagnosis of major depression according to the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders fourth edition (DSM-IV) (American Psychiatric Association, 1994) using the Structural Clinical Interview for DSM-IV (SCID) (Spitzer and Williams, 1988)
- 3. Initial global score 18 on the first 17 items of the 24-item Hamilton Depression Rating Scale
- 4. Written informed consent signed by the patient

## Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

## Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

## Target number of participants

100

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients who have not participated in another clinical trial in the past 30 days
- 2. Evidence of suicidal tendencies
- 3. Evidence of significant physical illness contraindicating the use of fluoxetine, mirtazapine, venlafaxine or bupropion, found on physical or in the laboratory data obtained during the first week of the study
- 4. Mental retardation (Intelligence Quotient [IQ] lower than 80) rendering the response to investigators unreliable
- 5. Pregnancy, or absence of adequate contraceptive method in women with childbearing potential
- 6. Concurrent use of psychotropic medication such as neuroleptics, mood stabilizers or regular use of high doses of benzodiazepines
- 7. Lack of response to fluoxetine for the present episode

## Date of first enrolment

01/07/2001

## Date of final enrolment

31/12/2005

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Canada

United States of America

# Study participating centre 1145 Carling Avenue

Ottawa Canada ON K1Z 7K4

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Organon International Inc. (USA)

## Sponsor details

c/o John H. Simmons, M.D.
Director, Global Medical Affairs
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56 Livingston avenue
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07068

## Sponsor type

Industry

## ROR

https://ror.org/02891sr49

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Industry

## Funder Name

Organon International Inc (USA)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/03/2010		Yes	No