Cognitive behaviour therapy to reduce severe fatigue and impairment in daily life after curative treatment for cancer

Submission date 12/09/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
		[_] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
12/09/2005		[X] Results		
Last Edited 23/10/2012	Condition category Cancer	[_] Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers KUN 2001-2378

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Quality of life is an integrated part within treatment for cancer. An important but neglected part of quality of life is fatigue, during but also after treatment for cancer. Three recent studies in our institute have shown that 20 - 40% of disease-free cancer patients mention invalidating fatigue as a frequent complaint one to six years after curative treatment for cancer has ended. No relations were found between fatigue long after treatment for cancer and initial disease- and treatment variables. Somatic treatment for these complaints of fatigue is lacking. Cognitive Behaviour Therapy is a promising treatment to reduce fatigue and related functional impairment in patients with Chronic Fatigue Syndrome.

The purpose is to evaluate whether Cognitive Behaviour Therapy is effective in reducing chronic fatigue complaints in disease-free cancer patients, in a randomised-controlled study.

Hypotheses:

1. What is the effect of Cognitive Behaviour Therapy in severely fatigued disease-free cancer patients on fatigue, functional impairment and psychological well being compared to patients waiting for this treatment?

2. Is the effect of Cognitive Behaviour Therapy lasting at six months after treatment and at oneyear follow-up?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design Randomised, active controlled, parallel group, single blinded trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Other

Study type(s) Quality of life

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Tumour, fatigued cancer survivors

Interventions

All patients who are suitable for this study, based on the inclusion and exclusion criteria, will be approached for this study. Patients will be asked to give informed consent and will be randomly allocated to the intervention- or waiting list condition.

Next, base-line assessment (T1) will take place. The patients in the intervention condition start immediately with Cognitive Behaviour Therapy. At the end of the therapy, after six months, second assessment will take place in both conditions (T2). At this point changes in both conditions will be compared to analyse the effect of treatment.

Subsequently, treatment will be offered to the patients in the waiting list condition. Six months later, follow-up assessment for the patients in the intervention condition will take place (T3). At the same time, post-treatment assessment for the patient in the waiting list condition will take place. Finally, again six months later, second follow-up assessment for the patients in the intervention condition will take place and (first) follow-up assessment for the patients in the waiting list condition will take place (T4).

Intervention Type

Other

Phase Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

The major outcome variables in this study are:

- 1. Fatigue severity
- 2. Impairment in daily life
- 3. Psychological well-being

Fatigue severity:

This will be measured using the Checklist Individual Strength. A Self-Observation List (SOL) has been constructed in order to obtain information about severity and frequency of fatigue and other complaints during a two-week period.

Impairment in daily life:

This will be assessed with eight subscales of the Sickness Impact Profile.

Psychological well-being:

This will be measured with the Symptom CheckList. A total score of psychological well-being can be obtained as well.

Secondary outcome measures

Besides the questionnaires used to measure the major outcome variables, additional questionnaires will be used to measure:

1. Depression, anxiety and sleep: the SOL will be used to measure these variables, patients register their quality of sleep every day during a two-week period

2. Social support: this will be measured with the Social Support Questionnaire

3. Physical activity: this will be measured with the actometer, an apparatus developed by our department of Medical Psychology. It records the number of movements in every five minute period. It is worn around the ankle day and night for a consecutive two-weeks

4. Quality of life: The EORTC consists of five functional scales (physical-, role-, cognitive-,

emotional-, and social functioning), nine symptom scales and one scale for global health status. Locus of control will be measured with the Multidimensional Health Locus of Control questionnaire

5. Self efficacy: this will be measured using a 5-item Self Efficacy Questionnaire

6. Difficulties in getting over the cancer experience: this will be measured with the Dutch version of the Impact of Events Scale

Overall study start date

01/09/2001

Completion date

31/12/2005

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Treated for breast cancer, colorectal cancer, testis cancer, ovarian cancer, uterus cancer, Hodgkin and non-Hodgkin disease of bone and soft tissue tumours

- 2. Completion of treatment for cancer minimal oneyear and maximal ten years ago
- 3. Disease-free, as defined by the absence of somatic disease activity parameters
- 4. Aged between 18 and 65
- 5. No physical comorbidity
- 6. No current psychological or psychiatric treatment
- 7. Checklist Individual Strength (CIS) fatigue score of 35 or higher

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex Both

Target number of participants 112

Key exclusion criteria Does not comply with above inclusion criteria.

Date of first enrolment 01/09/2001

Date of final enrolment 31/12/2005

Locations

Countries of recruitment Netherlands

Study participating centre P.O. Box 9101 Nijmegen Netherlands 6500 HB

Sponsor information

Organisation Radboud University Nijmegen Medical Centre (The Netherlands)

Sponsor details Expert Centre Chronic Fatigue P.O. Box 9101 Nijmegen Netherlands 6500 HB +31 (0)24 361 1111 m.gielissen@nkcv.umcn.nl

Sponsor type Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.umcn.nl/homepage

ROR https://ror.org/05wg1m734

Funder(s)

Funder type Charity

Funder Name Dutch Cancer Society (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	03/09/2007		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/07/2012		Yes	No