Physical activity for health in South Asian men with prostate cancer

Submission date	Recruitment status Recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered			
01/10/2025		☐ Protocol			
Registration date 03/10/2025	Overall study status Ongoing Condition category Cancer	Statistical analysis plan			
		Results			
Last Edited		Individual participant data			
03/10/2025		[X] Record updated in last year			

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Prostate cancer is the most common male cancer, with over 50,000 men diagnosed each year in the UK. Studies have shown that different ethnic groups are more or less likely to develop prostate cancer, with South Asian men less likely to develop prostate cancer than white men. This suggests that being South Asian is a protective factor in whether men develop prostate cancer. However, a higher proportion of South Asian men are diagnosed with advanced prostate cancer and die from prostate cancer than non-South Asian men. This research aims to investigate a physical activity intervention of brisk walking in men of South Asian heritage who have been diagnosed with prostate cancer. The main aims of the study are to see whether men are willing to join the study, and whether they stick to doing the physical activity. Overall, the study will help determine if the intervention shows potential promise and if a larger study is worthwhile.

Who can participate?

Adult men (≥18 years) of South Asian heritage who have previously diagnosed or newly diagnosed with localised or locally advanced prostate cancer.

What does the study involve?

The study will assess the acceptability of a brisk walking intervention (30 minutes a day, 5 days a week) across two hospitals and the feasibility of conducting a larger clinical trial to investigate whether this intervention improves health outcomes. Men will be asked to participate in a three-month brisk walking intervention and will receive support to motivate them to do so. They will complete questionnaires and logs to record their step count for 1 week when they join the study, and after 6 weeks, 3 months and four months. Information will also be collected from their medical records and through focus groups to find out how they felt about the physical activity. Interviews will also be carried out with some clinicians at the two hospitals to find out how they felt about the physical activity intervention.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? No benefits and risks provided at registration.

Where is the study run from? The University of Bristol, UK.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2025 to January 2027

Who is funding the study? NIHR Bristol Biomedical Research Centre, UK

Who is the main contact?

Dr Nour Alhusein, nour.alhusein@bristol.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

Contact name

Prof Athene Lane

ORCID ID

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7578-4925

Contact details

University of Bristol
1-5 Whiteladies Rd
Bristol
United Kingdom
BS8 1NU
+44 (0)1174552266
Athene.Lane@bristol.ac.uk

Type(s)

Public, Scientific

Contact name

Dr Nour Al Husein

ORCID ID

https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7986-743X

Contact details

University Of Bristol
Canynge Hall
Bristol
United Kingdom
BS8 2PS
+44 (0)1174559673
nour.alhusein@bristol.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

355170

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

2025-858, NIHR203315

Study information

Scientific Title

Physical activity for health in South Asian men with prostate cancer: a feasibility study

Acronym

Pro-SAPA

Study objectives

The primary research aim is to establish if a physical activity intervention for men of South Asian heritage with prostate cancer is acceptable and feasible for a larger-scale RCT.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 04/07/2025, West Midlands - Black Country Research Ethics Committee (2 Redman Place, Stratford/London, E20 1JQ, United Kingdom; +44 (0)207 104 8010, 207 104 8210, 2071048135; blackcountry.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 25/WM/0113

Study design

Multicentre single-arm open-label feasibility trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Physical activity in South Asian men with prostate cancer

Interventions

This research aims to investigate a physical activity intervention of brisk walking in men of South Asian heritage who have been diagnosed with prostate cancer. The study will look at the acceptability of the brisk walking intervention (30 minutes a day, on 5 days a week) across two hospitals, and the feasibility of later conducting a larger clinical trial to look at whether the brisk walking intervention improves health. Men will be asked to complete the brisk walking intervention for three months and will receive support to motivate them to do so. They will

complete questionnaires and logs to record their step count for 1 week when they join the study, and after 6 weeks, 3 months and four months. Information will also be collected from their medical records and through focus groups to find out how they felt about the physical activity. Interviews will also be carried out with some clinicians at the two hospitals to find out how they felt about the physical activity intervention. The main aims of the study are to see whether men are willing to join the study, and whether they stick to doing the physical activity. Overall, the study will help determine if the intervention shows potential promise and if a larger study is worthwhile.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

The feasibility of recruiting men of South Asian heritage with prostate cancer to a physical activity intervention and adherence to the intervention will be measured using questionnaires and logs to record their step counts for 1 week when they join the study, and after 6 weeks, 3 months and four months

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Implementation fidelity: The extent to which participants complete the brisk walking intervention as prescribed (30 minutes/day, 5 days/week for 3 months).
- 2. Retention rate: Proportion of participants who remain in the study for the full duration of the intervention.
- 3. Feasibility of physical activity data collection: Completeness and usability of step count data recorded via pedometers/accelerometers and participant logs at baseline, 6 weeks, 3 months, and 4 months.
- 4. Feasibility of clinical and self-reported data collection: Completeness of participant-reported outcomes (e.g. symptoms, quality of life) and clinical data (e.g. PSA levels) from questionnaires and medical records.
- 5. Acceptability of the intervention: Participant and clinician feedback on the walking programme, gathered through focus groups and interviews.
- 6. Acceptability of trial procedures: Participant feedback on study processes, including reasons for declining participation.
- 7. Informing future trial design: Use of physical activity and outcome data to guide the development of a larger clinical trial.

Completion date

31/01/2027

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Participants may enter the study if ALL of the following apply:

- 1. Adult men (≥18 vears)
- 2. Previously diagnosed or newly diagnosed with localised or locally advanced prostate cancer
- 3. South Asian heritage
- 4. Capacity to give informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient, Health professional

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

Male

Key exclusion criteria

Participants may not enter the study if ANY of the following apply:

- 1. Inability to give informed consent
- 2. Identified as unsuitable to participate by their clinician, e.g. due to co-morbidities, treatment being received, or any other contraindications to exercise
- 3. Use of a mobility aid other than a walking stick, which would prevent them from carrying out the brisk walking intervention
- 4. Inability to give informed consent

Date of first enrolment

08/10/2025

Date of final enrolment

02/10/2026

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Bradford Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Bradford Royal Infirmary Duckworth Lane Bradford BD9 6RJ Bradford

United Kingdom

BD9 6RJ

Study participating centre North Bristol NHS Trust

Southmead Hospital, Southmead Rd, Bristol BS10 5NB

Bristol United Kingdom BS10 5NB

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Bristol

ROR

https://ror.org/0524sp257

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

NIHR Bristol Biomedical Research Centre

Alternative Name(s)

NIHR Biomedical Research Centre Bristol, National Institute for Health Research Bristol Biomedical Research Centre, NIHR Bristol BRC, Bristol BRC, Bristol Biomedical Research Centre

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Research institutes and centers

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in the University of Bristol Research Data Repository with restricted access data.bris (https://data.bris.ac.uk/data/)

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes