# Continuous administration of local anesthetic for pain after amputation above knee

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
14/08/2014	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
03/09/2014	Completed	<ul><li>Results</li></ul>
Last Edited	Condition category	<ul><li>Individual participant data</li></ul>
19/06/2015	Signs and Symptoms	<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Artherosclerosis is a serious condition where the blood vessels (arteries) get blocked by fatty substances. This study is looking at treatment of pain after thigh amputation. The aim is to find out whether a local anesthetic ropivacain given for three days reduces pain after amputation in patients with atherosclerosis.

#### Who can participate?

Patients who are undergoing above knee amputation as a result of artherosclerosis.

#### What does the study involve?

The patients are randomly allocated to one of two groups. Each group receives a single dose of local anesthetic or dummy (saline) for three days after the operation. Patients will verbally rate the level of pain. The patients will also receive paracetamol and opioid for the treatment of pain. The patients are contacted 1, 3 and 12 months after the operation.

#### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefit of the study is efficient pain treatment, especially for patients in the future. The risks of the study are minor, as the technique has been used for several years and the local anesthetic is well tolerated.

#### Where is the study run from?

The study is carried out in eight centers in Finland. The main center is Helsinki University Hospital-Jorvi Hospital, and the other centers are Meilahti Hospital in Helsinki, Turku University Hospital, Oulu University Hospital, Kuopio University Hospital, Tampere University Hospital, Lahti Central Hospital and Jyvaskyla Central Hospital.

## When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

It will start on September 2014. The patients will be recruited for two years and will be followed up for 12 months after operation. The last month of recruitment would be September 2016, and the follow up would last until September 2017.

Who is funding the study? The study is funded by Helsinki University Hospital, Finland.

Who is the main contact? Dr Hanna von Plato Tel +350 50 428 44 71

# **Contact information**

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Vesa Kontinen

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

2013-003807-20

Protocol serial number

N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Peripheral local anesthetic infusion for postoperative pain after above knee amputation

#### Acronym

FinAPain-1

#### Study objectives

Continuous infusion of local anesthetic will reduce pain after above knee amputation.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

HUS Operative Ethics Commitee (HUS Operatiivinen eettinen toimikunta); 11/12/2013

#### Study design

#### Randomised controlled double-blind study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Pain after amputation above knee

#### **Interventions**

Continuous peripheral infusion of local anesthetic ropivacaine for 72 hours through two catheters, placed in the sciathic nerve sheath and under the amputation wound. The randomisation was done with computer-generated randomisation list on random.org, in blocks of ten patients. It was done by a person who is not working with the study otherwise. The follow-up is done by a study nurse who contacts the patients by a telephone call on 1, 3 and 12 months after the operation.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### **Phase**

Not Applicable

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Ropivacaine

#### Primary outcome(s)

Pain on the amputated limb 1-5 days after the operation assessed on VRS 0-4.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Pain on the amputated limb 1,3 and 12 months after the operation and amputation phantom limb pain 1-5 days after the operation and 1, 3 and 12 months after the operation on VRS 0-4
- 2. The consumption of opioid 1-5 days after the operation
- 3. Adverse events

#### Completion date

01/09/2017

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients presenting for above knee amputation for atherosclerosis obliterans willing to participate
- 2. Able to give informed consent
- 3. Able to assess pain using a verbal rating scale
- 4. Assesssed to be medically stable so that life expectancy exceeds 2 weeks as assessed by recruiting anesthesiologist

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

## Age group

Adult

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Allergy to amide local anesthetics
- 2. Operating surgeon unable to insert the catheter as defined in the protocol
- 3. Planned epidural postoperative pain management

#### Date of first enrolment

01/09/2014

#### Date of final enrolment

01/09/2016

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Finland

## Study participating centre HUS Jorvin sairaala

Espoo Finland 00029 HUS

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Helsinki University Hospital (Finland)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/02e8hzf44

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **Funder Name**

Helsinki University Hospital (Finland)

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

### **Study outputs**

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet
Participant information sheet
11/11/2025 No Yes