# Relationship between Overactivity, Stress and anxiety in Anorexia Nervosa

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
10/11/2010	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
04/08/2011	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
20/03/2017	Mental and Behavioural Disorders	Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Miss Antonia Koskina

#### Contact details

Psychology PO77 Institute of Psychiatry London United Kingdom SE5 8AF

\_

Antonia.koskina@kcl.ac.uk

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

8909

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

An investigation of the relationship between over activity (hyperactivity), anxiety, stress responsiveness and clinical outcomes in patients with anorexia nervosa (AN): a process outcome study in search for a phase advanced clinical marker

#### Acronym

**ROSANA** 

#### **Study objectives**

The ROSANA study is a longitudinal observational investigation which runs over the course of 8 weeks, with follow ups at 12 weeks and 24 weeks. We are investigating anxiety, mood, stress responsiveness and physical activity levels as potential key moderators and/or mediators in anorexia nervosa (AN).

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

ref: 09/H0807/4

#### Study design

Multicentre observational non-randomised longitudinal case-controlled study

#### Primary study design

Observational

## Secondary study design

Case-control study

# Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

Screening

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Anxiety, Eating disorders

#### **Interventions**

Actiwatch:

A non-invasive well-tolerated device that measures activity levels over a continuous 24-hour period. The device contains an accelerometer to measure the frequency of wrist movements every 1 minute.

#### Blood sample (AN group only):

An extra vial of blood is collected alongside routine blood for hormonal (leptin, oestrogen, thyrotropin-releasing hormone [TRH], thyroid-stimulating hormone [TSH], R3) and epigenetic (leptin, fat mass and obesity associated gene [FTO], brain-derived neurotrophic factor [BDNF]) analysis.

#### Body composition and body mass index (BMI):

A 10-minute pain-free procedure in which electrodes are placed on the hands and feet of the patient whilst in a sitting position. A small electrical impulse is sent through the limbs and an analysis of water, fat, muscle and mineral content is made.

#### Questionnaires:

- 1. Measured at baseline, week 12 and 24:
- 1.1. Eating Disorders Examination Questionnaire (EDE-Q)
- 1.2. Depression Anxiety Stress scale (DASS21)
- 1.3. Obligatory Exercise Questionnaire (OEQ)
- 1.4. Reasons for Exercise Inventory (REI)
- 1.5. Exercise Addiction Inventory (EAI)
- 1.6. Commitment to Exercise Inventory (CEI)
- 1.7. Short Evaluation of Eating Disorders (SEED)
- 2. Weeks 1 8:
- 2.1. International Physical Activity Questionnaire (IPAQ)
- 2.2. Visual Analogue Scales for Anxiety and Internal Restlessness
- 2.3. DASS21

#### Salivary cortisol:

Morning salivary cortisol samples are collected weekly, within 10 minutes of waking. Salivettes are used to collect the sample - it is a non-invasive efficient method of collection. Samples are stored at -20° prior to analysis.

#### Sleep diary:

A sleep diary is kept over the course of each week, for the first 8 weeks of the study. It details sleep/wake times, quality of sleep and any daytime naps.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Phase I/II

#### Primary outcome measure

BMI, measured weekly and at follow ups (after 6 months)

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Actiwatch data, measured weekly for 8 weeks, at 12 weeks and 24 weeks
- 2. Body composition, measured at baseline, week 12 and 24
- 3. Questionnaire data, measured at baseline, week 12 and 24
- 4. Salivary cortisol, measured weekly for 8 weeks, and at follow ups

#### Overall study start date

25/02/2010

#### Completion date

31/08/2011

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Diagnosis of anorexia nervosa (AN) or generalised anxiety disorder (GAD)
- 2. Females aged 18 years or older, up to 65 years
- 3. English speaking

## Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Female

# Target number of participants

Planned sample size: 120

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Male
- 2. Other psychiatric diagnoses
- 3. Presence of physical illness
- 4. Learning disability

#### Date of first enrolment

25/02/2010

#### Date of final enrolment

31/08/2011

# **Locations**

#### Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

#### Study participating centre

#### **Psychology PO77**

London United Kingdom SE5 8AF

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

South London and Maudsley NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

#### Sponsor details

Michael Rutter Centre for Children Maudsley Hospital De Crespigny Park London England United Kingdom SE5 8AZ

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### Website

http://www.slam.nhs.uk/

#### ROR

https://ror.org/015803449

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK) - Programme Grant for Applied Research (PGFAR), ref: RP-PG-0606-1043

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date
Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

**IPD sharing plan summary**Not provided at time of registration