

Leiden-Alloimmunisation-Likelihood (LAL) trial: alloimmunisation after pre-storage filtered, post-storage filtered and buffy-coat-depleted blood transfusion in cardiac surgery patients

Submission date 20/12/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 20/12/2005	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 23/10/2007	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr L.M.G. van de Watering

Contact details

Sanquin Blood Bank
Southwest region
Plesmanlaan 1a
Leiden
Netherlands
2333 BZ

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

n/a

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

LAL trial

Study objectives

The use of by filtration-leukocyte reduced blood transfusions in patients undergoing cardiac surgery, will result in lower alloimmunisation frequencies compared to using buffy-coat depleted blood transfusions. This has previously been shown in frequently transfused patients that received transfusions over a longer period of time, and is now investigated in patients receiving several units of blood around a single event, cardiac surgery. Also being investigated in this study is whether post-storage filtration is as effective as pre-storage filtration.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design

Randomised, double blinded, active controlled, parallel group trial.

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Blood transfusions in cardiac surgery

Interventions

Use of by filtration leukocyte reduced blood transfusions versus use of buffy-coat depleted blood transfusions (=1990's standard in NL).

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Anti-Human Leukocyte Antigen (HLA) antibody formation (tested by LCT) and anti-erythrocyte antibody formation (tested in 3 cell panel, with PEG). Samples for analyses are collected before surgery, on day 7 post-surgery, 3 - 10 weeks post-surgery and 20 - 30 weeks post-surgery.

Secondary outcome measures

1. Post-operative infections
2. Hospital stay
3. Intensive Care Unit (ICU)-stay
4. Mortality
5. Costs-effect-analyses
6. In combination with other Randomised Controlled Trials (RCTs), that have randomised between these same two blood products: long term effects on the incidence of autoimmune diseases and malignancies

Overall study start date

01/03/1992

Completion date

15/08/1994

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

Patients planned for open heart surgery: Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG), heart valve surgery or the combination of both.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

944

Key exclusion criteria

1. Aged less than 18 years
2. Transfusions within last 6 months
3. Pre-existing medical indication for filtered blood products

Date of first enrolment

01/03/1992

Date of final enrolment

15/08/1994

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

Sanquin Blood Bank

Leiden

Netherlands

2333 BZ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Leiden University Medical Centre (LUMC) (Netherlands)

Sponsor details

Albinusdreef 2

P.O. Box 9600

Leiden

Netherlands

2300 RC

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

<http://www.lumc.nl/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/027bh9e22>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Red Cross Blood Bank Leidsenhage (The Netherlands)

Funder Name

NPBI International B.V. (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Other publications		01/07/1990		Yes	No
Other publications		17/02/1998		Yes	No
Other publications		01/01/2003		Yes	No