# The influence of clasp design on twin block appliances outcome - a prospective randomised, controlled clinical trial

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
12/09/2003		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
12/09/2003	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
15/05/2013	Oral Health			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

## Secondary identifying numbers

N0188119744

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

## Study objectives

To discover if incorporating a Southend Clasp on the upper central incisors in the design of the Twin Block Appliance will eliminate or greatly reduce incisor retraction thereby enhancing mandibular advancement.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Added May 2008: Preston and Chorley and South Ribble Research Ethics Committee on 03/07 /2003

## Study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

**Not Specified** 

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet.

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Oral Health: Orthodontics

#### **Interventions**

Random allocation of two alternative designs of twin block appliance, one with a Southend clasp on the upper central incisors and one without. The appliances are identical in all other aspects.

## Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

## Primary outcome measure

Added May 2008:

Angulation of the long axis of the upper incisor to the maxillary plane, as measured from a lateral cephalometric radiograph.

## Secondary outcome measures

Added May 2008:

- 1. Angulation of the long axis of the lower incisor to the mandibular plane
- 2. Skeletal relationship as measured by angle ANB

## Overall study start date

01/01/2003

## Completion date

01/04/2007

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients aged 11-15 years
- 2. Added May 2008: with Class II division 1 malocclusion suitable for functional appliance therapy. The overjet had to be greater than 6mm and ANB angle greater than 4°.

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Age group

Child

## Lower age limit

11 Years

## Upper age limit

15 Years

### Sex

**Not Specified** 

## Target number of participants

102. Corrected May 2008: 52. Added October 2009: recruitment completed and analysis ongoing.

## Key exclusion criteria

Added May 2008:

Patients with congenital syndromes, obvious asymmetry and prior appliance therapy were excluded.

## Date of first enrolment

01/01/2003

# Date of final enrolment

01/04/2007

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

## Study participating centre Consultant Orthodontist

Preston United Kingdom PR2 9HT

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

# Sponsor details

Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

## Sponsor type

Government

## Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Government

## **Funder Name**

Lancashire Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs** 

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/03/2012		Yes	No