Gene therapy for Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome (WAS)

Submission date Recruitment status Prospectively registered 03/05/2011 No longer recruiting [] Protocol [] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 20/05/2011 Completed [X] Results Individual participant data **Last Edited** Condition category 16/03/2018 Haematological Disorders

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT) NCT01347242

Protocol serial number GTG002.07

Study information

Scientific Title

Phase I/II clinical trial of haematopoietic stem cell gene therapy for the Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome

Study objectives

Studying the safety and efficacy of an ex vivo gene therapy using a lentiviral vector containing the human Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome protein gene in patients with WAS

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Gene Therapy Advisory Committee (GTAC) (UK), 21/12/2009, GTAC 146

Study design

Open-labelled non-randomised single-centre phase I/II cohort study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome

Interventions

Ex vivo gene therapy using patient's autologous CD34+ cells transduced with a lentiviral vector containing the human WASP gene.

Patients undergo either a bone marrow harvest or a leukapheresis. They then receive a conditioning myeloablative regimen while CD34+ cells are selected in their bone marrow and transduced with the lentiviral vector (3 days). Patients then receive their transduced CD34+ cells (as in autologous bone marrow transplantation).

There are no real doses, simply quantity of CD34+ cells transduced will depend on the amount of bone marrow harvest and quality of transduction. This is part of the parameters that are being assessed in the trial.

Duration of the study follow-up is 2 years.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase I/II

Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Safety of conditioning regimen (haematopoietic recovery within 6 weeks as assessed by absolute neutrophil count (ANC) above $0.5 \times 109 / l$)
- 2. Safety of the transduction procedure [as assessed by availability of greater than 0.5×106 cells

per kg after transduction; undetectable replication-competent lentiviruses (RCL) (determined retrospectively); and cell viability after transduction equal to or greater than 50%, in accordance with the final product release criteria]

- 3. Engraftment of genetically corrected haematopoietic progenitors and/or differentiated cells in peripheral blood and/or in bone marrow (as assessed by evidence of vector sequences or transgene expression in the cells)
- 4. Reconstitution of cell mediated and humoral immunity (as assessed by evidence of changes in T cell function and circulating immunoglobulin levels)
- 5. Correction of microthrombocytopenia (if not previously splenectomised, and as assessed by increased blood platelet counts, expected to rise above 50,000/mm3)

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Reduction in frequency of infections (evaluated from 2nd year after treatment by clinical history, complete physical examinations, haematological and microbiological tests)
- 2. Resolution/reduction of autoimmunity (a decrease from baseline observations assessed by clinical examination)
- 3. Improvement in eczema (a decrease from baseline observations assessed by clinical examination)
- 4. Reduction in bruising and bleeding episodes when present (as assessed by clinical monitoring)

Completion date

31/12/2013

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Males of all ages
- 2. Severe WAS (clinical score 3 5) or absence of WAS protein in peripheral blood mononuclear cells determined by Western blotting and flow cytometry
- 3. Molecular confirmation by WAS gene DNA sequencing
- 4. Lack of HLA-genotypically identical bone marrow or of a 10/10 antigen HLA-matched unrelated donor or cord blood after 3 month search
- 5. Parental, guardian, patient signed informed consent/assessment
- 6. Willing to return for follow-up during the 2 year study and the 3 year long-term off study review
- 7. Only for patients who have received previous allogenic haematopoietic stem cell transplant:
- 7.1. Failed allogenic haematopoietic stem cell transplant
- 7.2. Contraindication to repeat allogeneic transplantation for example severe graft versus host disease

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

Male

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patient with HLA-genotypically identical bone marrow
- 2. Patient with 10/10 antigen HLA-matched unrelated donor or cord blood
- 3. Contraindication to leukapheresis
- 3.1. Anaemia (Hb < 8g/dl)
- 3.2. Cardiovascular instability
- 3.3. Severe coagulopathy
- 3.3.1. Contraindication to bone marrow harvest
- 3.3.2. Contraindication to administration of conditioning medication
- 3. Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) positive patient

Date of first enrolment

23/02/2010

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2013

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre Institute of Child Health

London United Kingdom WC1N 1EH

Sponsor information

Organisation

Genethon (France)

ROR

https://ror.org/03fj96t64

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Genethon (France)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created D	ate added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	14/09/2017		Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025 1 ⁻	1/11/2025	No	Yes